

2009-2000

•



.2010 - 1431 ©

:

.2010

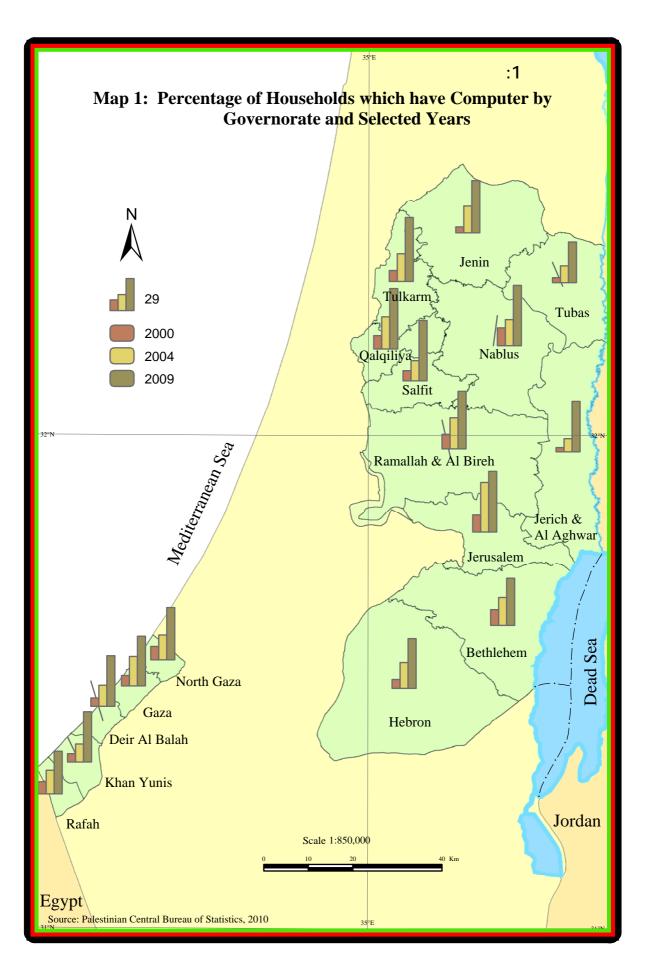
. – .2009-2000

. 1647 : .

(972/970) 2 2982700 : (972/970) 2 2982710 :

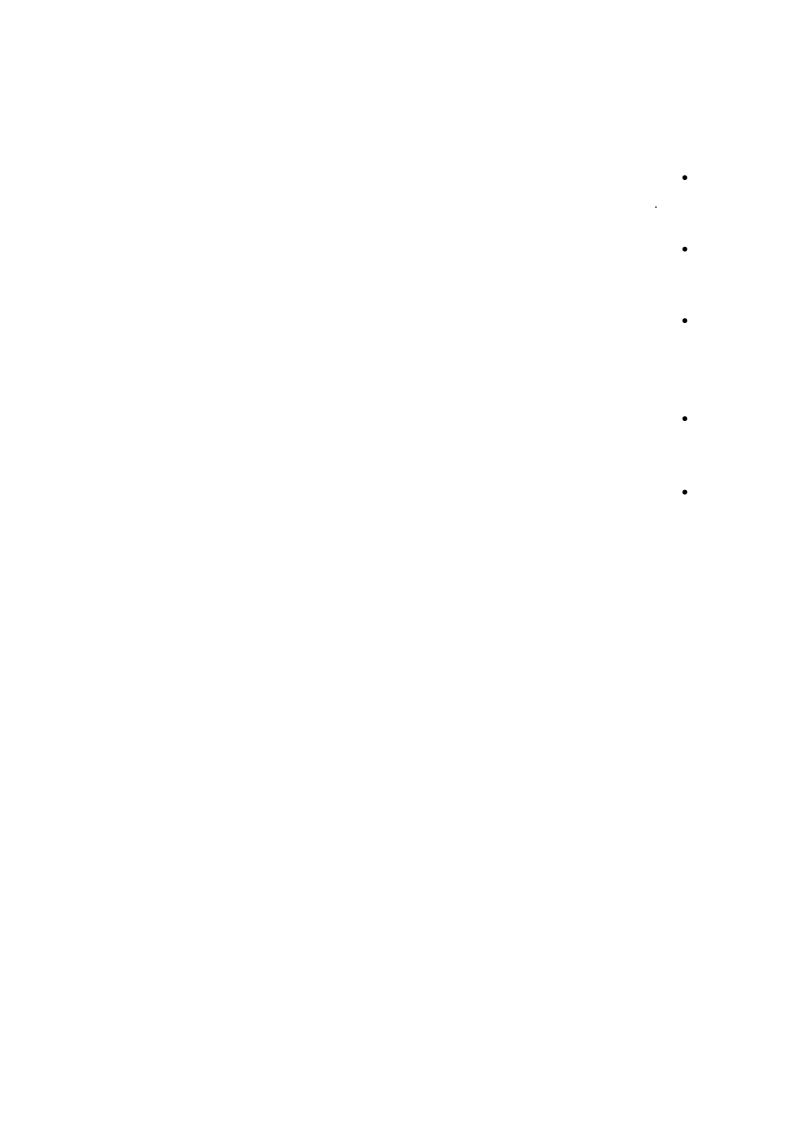
diwan@pcbs.gov.ps :
http://www.pcbs.gov.ps :





(PNA) 2010 (CFG) .(SDC)

(CFG)



.2009-2000



23				:
23	2009-2000		1.1	
24			2.1	
24			3.1	
24			4.1	
24			5.1	
25				:
25			1.2	
26			2.2	
26			3.2	
26		1.3.2		
28		2.3.2		
31		3.3.2		
34		4.3.2		
39				:
39			1.3	
41			2.3	
47			3.3	
49				:
49			1.4	
50			2.4	
51			3.4	
52			4.4	
53			5.4	
55			6.4	
56		1.6.4		
59		2.6.4		

63	
03	•

65 2.5

30		100			:1.2
33					:2.2
34		(10)		:3.2
				2006	
36		(10)		:4.2
			2006		
37					:5.2
20					
39	2006-2004				:1.3
40		(10)		:2.3
44					
41		(10)		:3.3
41		,	2006		.4.2
41		(10) 2006		:4.3
42			(10)	:5.3
			•	10)	
43		(10)		:6.3
			2006		
44		(10)		:7.3
				2009	
45					:8.3
				2006-20	004
46			(10)	:9.3
47			(10)	:10.3

48			(10)		:11.3
48			(10)		:12.3
49				100		:1.4
50				100		:2.4
53			100			:3.4
54						:4.4
56						:5.4
		2006				
58					2006	:6.4
60	2006-2004					:7.4
61			(2006	10)		:8.4
62			(10)	2006	:9.4

29				:1
31				:2
34		(10)	:3
			2006	
35				:4
46	(10)		:5
			2009	
51	2007	100		:6
52	2007-2006	100)	:7
52	100			:8
			2007	
55	2007			:9
57				:10
			2006	
59	(10)			:11
		2006		

14 . 1996

100 0.86 () .1999 100 3.87 1995 .2005 100 14.8 .2009 %92.4

 %28.5
 2000
 %2.0

 2004
 .2009

 (%30.9)
 .2009

2009 (%27.2)

• • .(• · •

2000 2006 2004 .2009 2009-2000 1.1 2000 8,276 2000 2,543 5,733 18 17-6 2004 2004 4,508 2,271 6,799 2006 2004 1,361 2,614 3,975 10 2009 2009 1,559 5,608

2009-2000

4,049

2.1

3.1

4.1

2007 2000 2006 2005-1998 2009-2007

() .2004

5.1

1.2

.(1994-1967)

. 1994

. 1995

1997 1995

1999 () 90 .

. 2004

		.2009			
2.2			1		
			3	1996	
		15		1990	
3.2					
					:
	· ·)	(
1.3.2	1005	(•	
	1995				

2007 .()

```
)
%19.6 ( )
                                                       2009 1997
                                                                .%47.5
       337,025 83,381
                                                2005 1996
                                100
                               100
           .(1.2)
 1996
                                                     9.4
                                                          2005
            301,579
                                %37
                                                                    2002
                                                                    .2002
     156,209
                                                           803 1998
                                              2004
                                        2005
                                                         (5,954) 2005
                             )
          (
                                         2006 .(
                                                          )
                                               %9.7
                    %0.2
                                      %13.9
                                                                       2
                                                                       3
                                                 .2007
                                                                .2007
                                                                       (8).
                                                  100
                                                                       4
                                         (
                                               100
                                                  .2007
                                                                        5
                                                                .2007
                                                                      .(8)
       .2006
                     :2006
                                                 .2006
                                                                       6
```

%50.5

.%37.5 2000 .7%30.7 .%59.8 %45.0 2000 .8%24.8 %36.5 2.3.2 2000) .⁹1994 .1986) () 2000 100 0.86 1999 1995 100 3.87 1995 100 .1999 .10 1999 2000 100 2.6 5.59 %43.7 .11 %42.1

. - .2002 . -2000 .2000 . - .2002 . -2000 .2000 . : .2010

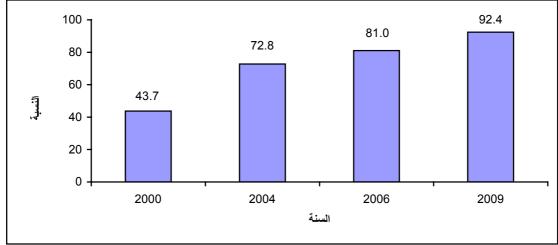
http://www.trc.gov.jo/index.php?option=com_content&task=view&id=480&Itemid=976&lang=arabic .2007 10

7

www.itu.int: - .2007 .(8) .2009-2007 .2009 11 . 100 (1) . 122009 %92.4

•

:1



- . . - :

 14.8
 100
 ()
 100

 2006
 .2005 -2000
 (1.2)
 .2005

 %37.7
 (
 10)

 .(
 10)

 .(
 41.9
)

.2009-2007 .2009 12

.2009 .2009-2007 .2009 13

100 :1.2

		()	*
1995	-	-	0.86
1996	-	-	0.99
1997	-	-	1.44
1998	6.1	-	3.45
1999	7.7	-	3.87
2000	9.1	2.6	5.59
2001	8.1	5.2	9.09
2002	7.3	7.1	9.26
2003	6.3	7.1	13.27
2004	7.9	11.8	**26.44
2005	9.4	14.8	-

www.itu.int:

2009 ()

2006 .

. : %3.4 %15.2 %26.5

. 14%60.9

%50.2 2000 .

. 15%30.1 . %42.9

(10)

. 2009 2006

•

.16 %34.0 %36.1 %40.2 :2006 .

: . %100 14

. -

. %54.0 %55.8

.(%4.6)

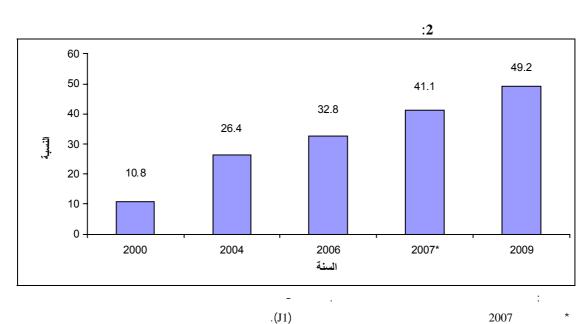
.17 %48.3

3.3.2

2000 %10.8 .

2007 1997 .(2) 2009 %49.2 152,054 11.4 .

3,799 2007 .2007 .1997



2000

(%16.4) . %13.4 %14.5 (%15.8)

.18(%7.6) (%12.3)

(%3.9)

.

.2004 2000

. - .2002 . -2000 .2000 18

(2.2)

. 17.3 (%29.6) (%45.6)

.(2.2)

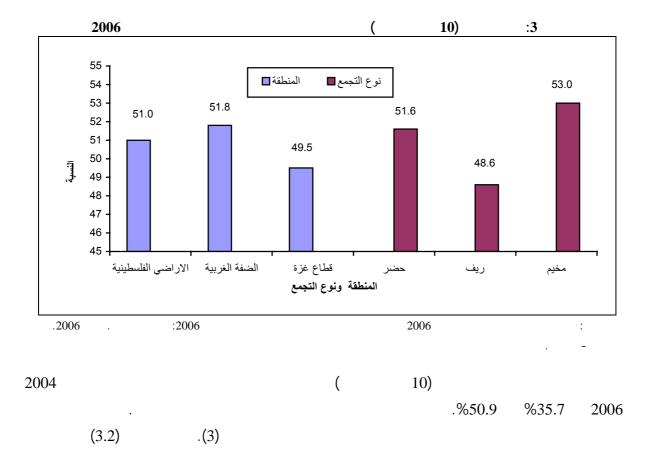
. : .(%10.5) (%14.3)

.2000 (%5.4)

.

:2.2

	T		T
		2004	2000
15.6	144.4	26.4	10.8
17.0	149.1	28.4	11.4
19.3	357.4	24.7	5.4
10.9	237.0	15.5	4.6
15.4	152.5	25.5	10.1
7.6	46.3	24.0	16.4
17.3	140.7	29.6	12.3
9.2	97.9	18.6	9.4
15.2	113.4	28.6	13.4
8.2	210.3	12.1	3.9
29.8	188.6	45.6	15.8
11.2	77.2	25.7	14.5
15.6	190.2	23.8	8.2
12.9	134.4	22.5	9.6
10.5	85.4	22.8	12.3
17.5	182.3	27.1	9.6
11.7	153.9	19.3	7.6
8.9	115.6	16.6	7.7
10.6	95.5	21.7	11.1
16.4	114.7	30.7	14.3
12.4	229.6	17.8	5.4
14.0	133.3	24.5	10.5



(14-10) . (19-15)

2006 (10) :3.2

100	33.2	66.8	14-10
100	23.9	76.1	19-15
100	38.5	61.5	29-20
100	62.4	37.6	39-30
100	69.4	30.6	49-40
100	89.8	10.2	+50
•004	•••		•004

.2006 : :2006 : :

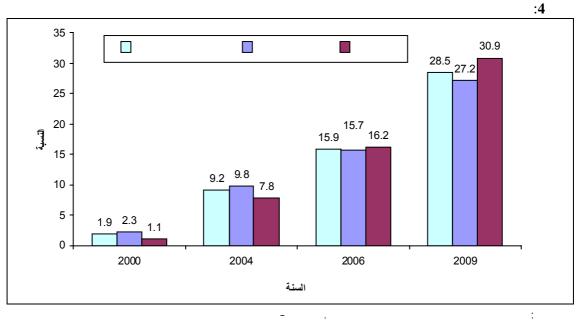
4.3.2

2000 %2.0 . 2004 %28.5

.2009

%27.2 2009 2004 %30.9

.(4)



()

2006 %49.4 %50.4 %37.8 %61.2 (14 -10) ()

.(4.2)

(14-10)

(4.2)%36.9 (10)

(19-15) (29-20)

)

(4.2)

(10) :4.2 2006

15.9	36.9	100	50.1	49.9	
15.7	38.1	100	50.4	49.6	
15.5	43.6	100	52.1	47.9	
18.9	33.3	100	37.8	62.2	
12.5	35.8	100	61.2	38.8	
16.2	34.8	100	49.4	50.6	
	32.4	100	59.0	41.0	14-10
	39.4	100	33.0	67.0	19-15
	47.4	100	33.8	66.2	29-20
	30.3	100	54.1	45.9	39-30
	27.0	100	56.3	43.7	49-40
	15.0	100	78.7	21.3	+50
17.5	36.8	100	49.2	50.8	
12.1	34.0	100	51.8	48.2	
16.7	42.2	100	49.5	50.5	

.2006 : 2006 :

. (ADSL)

2006

.¹⁹ %54.5 %75.9 %68.5

(ADSL) 2009 .

. %41.2 ADSL

.2009 2006 (5.2)

ADSL

2006 2009

:5.2

	2009			2006		
15.5	34.1	27.2	54.5	75.9	68.5	
26.4	49.9	41.2	15.3	14.5	14.8	(ADSL)
0.2	1.3	0.9	4.0	0.9	2.0	
2.0	0.0	0.8	1.4	0.5	0.8	(ISDN)
0.1	6.6	4.2	0.4	0.5	0.5	
5.5	1.0	2.6	0.9	2.0	1.6	(DSL)
-	-	-	1.3	1.5	1.4	
0.8	1.8	1.3	1.2	2.8	2.2	
49.5	5.3	21.8	21.0	1.4	8.2	*
100	100	100	100	100	100	

.(Leased Line)

1.3

·

.

2006 2004

.2006 %62.7 2004 %56.7

.%8.4 %11.6

.%17.5 %16.2

%7.1 : 2006

.(1.3) 1%0.3 %4.0

2006-2004 :1.3

2006	2004
62.7	56.7
8.4	11.6
17.5	16.2
7.1	9.0
4.0	6.3
0.3	0.2
100	100

(10) %64.9 2009

.(2.3) 2%6.7 %14.6

•

. :2006 .2006 1 . - . :2004 .2004 2

(10) :2.3

%39.7

2009	2006	2004
64.9	52.0	47.0
6.7	8.2	8.4
14.6	21.0	21.7
5.8	7.1	9.1
6.2	7.1	7.6
0.2	0.7	2.0
1.6	3.9	4.2
100	100	100

(10)

.

. ³2005 125 %9

.2006

%4 %10

2007 3 . - .2007 .(8)

(10) :3.3

2006

37.5	39.4	38.7	62.7		
8.7	8.9	8.8	8.4		
41.5	38.7	39.7	17.5		
-	-	-	7.1		
9.4	10.3	10.0	4.0		
2.6	2.3	2.4	-	()
0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3		
100	100	100	100		

.2006 : 2006 : :

-

.(4.3) (%43.8)

. (%50.7)

. 2006 %50

.

(10) :4.3 2006

50.7	29.6
6.0	11.0
34.3	43.8
6.4	12.7
2.3	2.5
0.3	0.4
100	100

.2006 . :2006 :

-

2.3

.2006 %1.4

%28.5 2009

%60 %49.2

.2004 %11.9 (10)

%32.3 2006 %18.4 .2009

.

(5.3) . 2009 2006 2004 :

·

(

10)

:5.3

2009 2006 2004 20.3 27.8 19.5 85.6 86.6 85.4 55.3 62.9 50.5 68.8 77.9 59.6 65.1 53.3 60.6

- .

2006 12

.

4 " ." " .2006

.(6.3)

.(6.3)

.

.

(10) :6.3

2006 9.7 9.3 8.6 0.6 0.9 0.2 0.5 0.3 0.6 0.1 15.0 12.3 16.5 9.1 7.7 9.9 31.2 19.3 12.8 16.5 9.9 20.0 11.1 7.2 8.5 0.2 1.4 1.0 3.6 8.0 1.8 3.0 5.8 4.8

1.8 0.7 1.0 100 100 100 ... :2006 ... :2006 ... :

2.48.8

1.4

1.6

4.6

3.3

2.8

11.0

0.4

-

2009 15 (7.3)

2006

. %85

2009 (10) :7.3

	T	
100	79.7	20.3
100	94.0	6.0
100	95.1	4.9
100	14.4	85.6
100	46.7	53.3
100	44.7	55.3
100	31.2	68.8
100	46.7	53.3
100	46.1	53.9
100	76.6	23.4
100	62.9	37.1
100	53.2	46.8
100	51.8	48.2
100	65.4	34.6
100	98.3	1.7

.2009-2007 .2009 :

. 2006 .2004

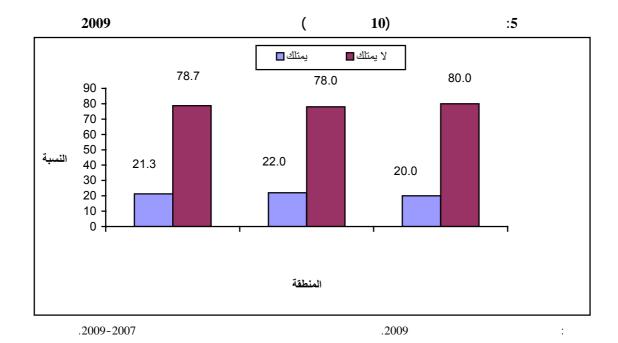
.(8.3)

2006-2004 :8.3

	2006			2004		
6.7	4.6	5.3	3.3	6.0	5.1	
90.7	91.7	91.3	95.0	92.0	93.0	
2.6	3.7	3.4	1.7	2.0	1.9	
100	100	100	100	100	100	

%22.0 %21.3

.(5) 2009 %20.0



2009 .(9.3) %23.0

.2004 %36.1 2009 2006

.%6.6 2009

(10) :9.3

2009	2006	2004	2009	2006	2004	2009	2006	2004
95.7	89.3	94.7	91.8	95.1	93.5	93.1	93.1	93.9
15.9	26.0	17.6	26.1	23.3	20.1	22.6	24.3	19.3
39.1	43.4	27.3	42.5	45.5	40.6	41.3	44.7	36.1
0.4	6.6	1.7	6.6	3.1	5.3	4.5	4.3	4.1
0.0	3.3	_	1.2	1.2	-	0.8	2.0	-

.

.(10.3)

	(10)	:10.3

2009	2006	2004	2009	2006	2004
92.2	90.4	93.2	93.7	94.2	94.2
16.2	21.2	9.8	26.1	25.6	23.0
45.8	55.1	41.7	38.9	40.3	34.0
2.2	0.4	1.5	5.8	6.0	5.1
0.6	0.6	-	0.9	2.5	-

- .

2004

(%28.1 %38.6)

3.3

.(%57.8 %70.1)

.(11.3) 2004 %3.0

. 2006

.(11.3)

(10) :11.3

*2006	2004	*2006	2004	*2006	2004
97.6	28.1	94.4	38.6	95.3	35.8
97.0	70.1	34.4	57.8	90.3	61.0
2.4	1.7	4.6	3.3	4.0	2.9
-	0.1	0.9	0.3	0.7	0.3
100	100	100	100	100	100

.2006 ()

. (%6.9) (%45.1) 2004

.

%85.1

. %53.3

2006

.(12.3)

(10) :12.3

*20	006	*20	20	004
91.0	97.1	Q1 N	6.9	45.1
91.0	97.1	91.0	85.1	53.3
8.8	2.0	8.8	7.2	1.5
0.2	0.9	0.2	0.8	0.1
100	100	100	100	100

.2006 () :*

1.4

100

100 (1.4) 19.4

19.4 8.7 100 .2007 18.1 .(1.4) 2007 100 4.4 5.1

100 :1.4

2007 2006	2007	2006	2004
24.4	5.1	4.1	2.8
2.3	17.9	17.5	15.0
6.3	15.1	14.2	12.0
-1.3	15.7	15.9	16.3
-4.9	9.8	10.3	10.1
0.0	4.4	4.4	1.7
-16.9	9.8	11.8	11.6
-1.1	8.7	8.8	9.0
-27.3	18.1	24.9	25.7
1.4	14.7	14.5	16.0
-27.9	19.4	26.9	26.3
-5.6	15.2	16.1	25.5

.2007-1997 .2010 :

.()

2.4

100

12
(6) (2.4)

.() 17.6
(2.4)
. 43.5

100 :2.4

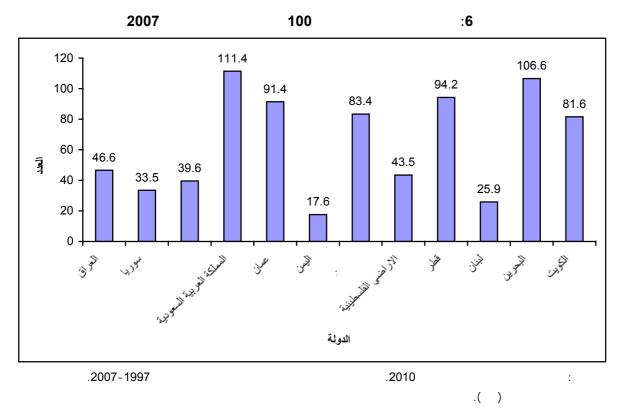
2007 2006	*2006 2004	2007	2006	2004
41.2	195.5	46.6	33.0	6.72
32.4	47.3	33.5	25.3	13.0
67.8	107.3	39.6	23.6	7.5
38.6	50.5	111.4	80.4	40.0
32.2	85.1	91.1	68.9	25.5
26.6	117.4	17.6	13.9	4.15
15.4	70.5	83.4	72.3	30.0
15.4	171.8	43.5	37.7	8.5
-10.7	30.0	94.2	105.5	65.9
6.1	5.5	25.9	24.4	22.0
-6.3	24.2	106.6	113.8	76.65
3.3	216.9	81.6	79.0	14.8

. 2006 2004 .2007-1997 .2010 :

()

.2007 2006-2004

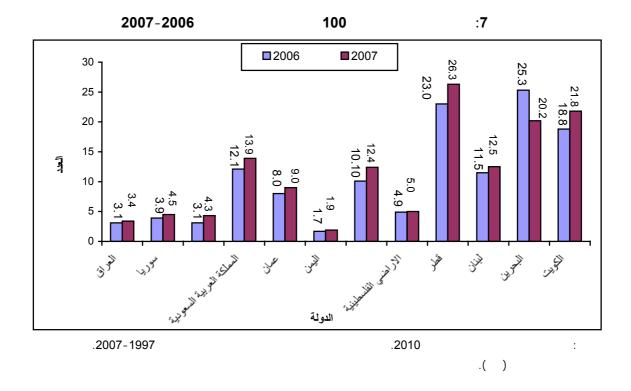
. (2009)



3.4

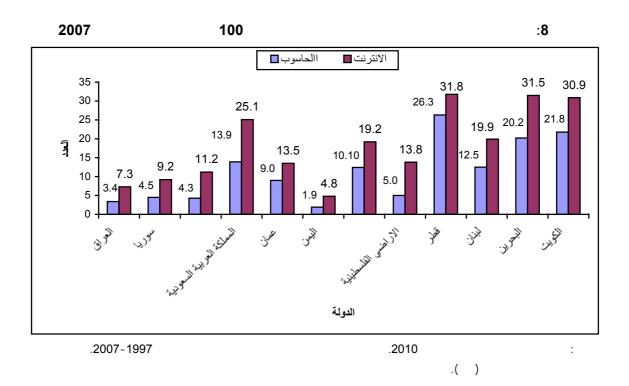
(7) . 100 26.3 2007 . 100 1.9

. 100 1.9 . 2007 100 7.9 (12.4)



. (8)

4.4



31.5 2007 . 30.9 100 . 100 5 2007 2006 .2007 13.8

100 :3.4

%2.2

.(3.4)

2007 2006		
2007 2000	2007	2006
12.3	7.3	6.5
12.2	9.2	8.2
41.8	11.2	7.9
15.1	25.1	21.8
19.5	13.5	11.3
9.1	4.8	4.4
39.1	19.2	13.8
2.2	13.8	13.5
14.2	31.4	27.5
8.7	19.9	18.3
-7.4	31.5	34
16.2	30.9	26.6

.2007-1997 .2010 .()

5.4

.¹" " (Index)

.2008-2005 13 (4.4)

2005 (4.4) .(0.2) 1.59 1.90

.(0.2) 1.59 1.90

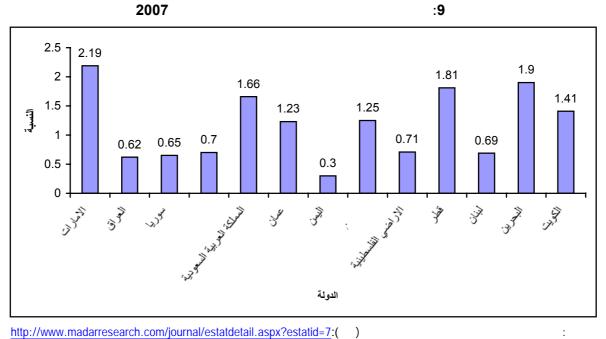
http://www.madarresearch.com/journal/estatdetail.aspx?estatid=7:()

:4.4

2008 2007	2007 2006	2006 2005	2008	2007	2006	2005
9.1	-2.7	22.3	2.39	2.19	2.25	1.84
29.0	31.9	51.6	8.0	0.62	0.47	0.31
26.2	18.2	27.9	0.82	0.65	0.55	0.43
37.1	42.9	22.5	0.96	0.7	0.49	0.4
25.9	27.7	23.8	2.09	1.66	1.3	1.05
20.3	25.5	21.0	1.48	1.23	0.98	0.81
36.7	25.0	20.0	0.41	0.3	0.24	0.2
12.0	15.7	18.7	1.4	1.25	1.08	0.91
7.0	9.2	16.1	0.76	0.71	0.65	0.56
24.7	-6.1	13.8	2.12	1.7	1.81	1.59
24.7	5.8	7.8	0.91	0.73	0.69	0.64
22.5	-11.0	5.3	2.18	1.78	2	1.9
21.5	6.4	-0.7	1.81	1.49	1.4	1.41

http://www.madarresearch.com/journal/estatdetail.aspx?estatid=7:()

2007
2.18 (2005) 2.39
0.41
2008-2005 .2007
2007 1.4 13 .0.76



http://www.madarresearch.com/journal/estatdetail.aspx?estatid=7:()

6.4

)

1.6.4

(5.4)
69 .(10)
.(64.8) (75.4) 2006

.

. 9

(5.4)

(

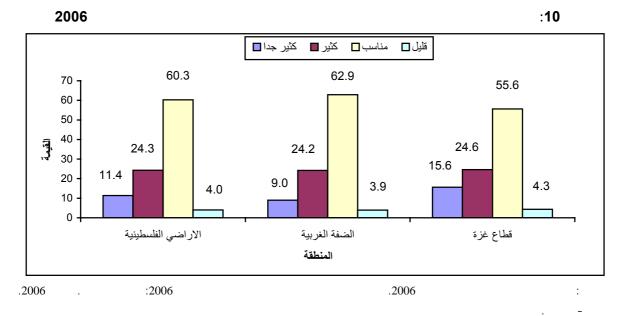
. 38 (soft ware)

2006 :5.4

			•		
6.8	4.6	5.3			
8.7	8.8	8.8			
7.2	10.1	8.9			
16.0	14.3	15.0			
75.4	64.8	68.5			
10.1	8.3	8.9	(10)
64.7	50.8	55.3			

.2006 . :2006 :

%41.5



.(6.4)

%50.4

2006 :6.4

•			
	38.4	43.9	42.1
	58.9	50.4	53.1
	2.7	5.7	4.8
	100	100	100
	35.2	44.5	41.5
	64.8	55.0	58.1
	-	0.5	0.4
	100	100	100
0000		0000	

.2006 . :2006 :

•

99.3 2006

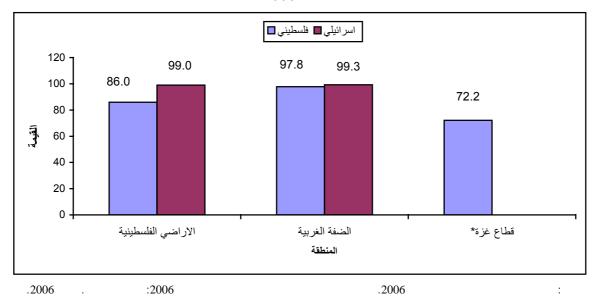
97.8 86 2009 ()

72.2

(

.(11)

(10) :11 2006



. -

2.6.4

. 2004 %42.3 . (%39.7 %43.7)

.(2010)

2006

2004

. 3.7

%32.6

2006 .2004 %30.3 %33.9

. 0.4 8.4

2006 .

2004

2006-2004 :7.4

	2006			2004	
34.3	40.9	38.6	39.7	43.7	42.3
81.9	75.5	77.7	84.4	75.7	78.7
14.1	20.8	18.5	13.7	13.3	13.5
21.9	34.3	30.0	30.3	33.9	32.6
7.6	10.6	9.5	7.3	7.3	7.3
8.9	9.8	9.5	0.8	1.4	1.2

(8.4)

19-15 14-10

.(8.4)

(10) :8.4

2006

	1	
100	48.4	51.6
100	51.4	48.6
100	47.0	53.0
100	33.2	66.8
100	23.9	76.1
100	38.5	61.5
100	62.4	37.6
100	69.4	30.6
100	89.8	10.2

.2006 . :2006 :

.

.(9.4)

2006 (10) :9.4

100	23.2	70.8	
100	23.2	76.8	
100	60.4	39.6	
100	78.7	21.3	+50
100	56.3	43.7	49-40
100	54.1	45.9	39-30
100	33.8	66.2	29-20
100	33.0	67.0	19-15
100	59.0	41.0	14-10
100	49.5	50.5	
100	51.8	48.2	
100	49.2	50.8	

.2006 . :2006 :

(9.4)

)

.

1.5

1994

14

:

. 1995 %19.6 2007 1997

. %47.5

100 3.87 1995 100 0.86

() 100 3.87 1995 100 0.86 () .1999 () 1999

.2005 100 14.8 .2009 %92.4

%10.8

.2009 %49.2 2000 .

.2009 %28.5 2000 %2

%27.2 %30.9 2004 .2009

2006 .

(ADSL)

(10)

; . 2.5 •
(
(
(PICTI)

() ()

	.www.itu.int:		.1
	-2000	.2000	2002
:2004		.2004	.3
:2006		. 2006 	.2006 .
	2007	. 2007 .(8)	.5
		.2009	.6 .2009-2007
		.2010	.7
.2005 -1998			.8
	.().	.2010	.9 .2007-1997
	.200	7 ()	.10
			11. الموقع الإلكتروني لمركز دراسات <u>l/estatdetail.aspx?estatid=7</u>
http://www.trc.gov.jcg=arabic			12. هيئة تنظيم قطاع الاتصالات 2010 iew&id=480&Itemid=976&lan



Palestinian National Authority Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics

Comparative Report on ICT Access of Households and Individuals, in the Palestinian Territory 2000-2009

Prepared by Basem Makhoul, PhD

This document is prepared in accordance with the standard procedures stated in the Code of Practice for Palestine Official Statistics 2006

© September 2010

All Rights Reserved.

Suggested Citation:

Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics, 2010. Comparative Report on ICT Access of Households and Individuals in the Palestinian Territory 2000-2009. Ramallah - Palestine.

All correspondence should be directed to: Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics P.O.Box 1647 Ramallah, Palestine.

Tel: (972/970) 2 2982700 Fax: (972/970) 2 2982710 E-Mail :diwan@pcbs.gov.ps

web-site: http://www.pcbs.gov.ps

Acknowledgment

The funding of the Comparative report on ICT Access Among Households and Individuals, was provided by the Palestinian National Authority (PNA) and the Core Funding Group (CFG) for 2010. CFG members include the Representative Office of Norway to the PNA and the Swiss Development and Cooperation Agency (SDC).

Moreover, PCBS very much appreciates the distinctive efforts of the Core Funding Group (CFG) for their valuable contribution to funding the report.

Work Team

• Report Preparation

Basem Makhoul, PhD

• Dissemination Standard

Hanan Janajreh

• Preliminary Review

Khaled Qalalwa Yousef Falah

• Final Review

Mahmoud Jaradat

• Overall Supervision

Ola Awad

Acting President

Preface

In line with the policy of PCBS with regard publishing Palestinian statistics, the ICT Households surveys were carried out since 2000 to make statistical information available for decision and policy makers. The comparative Report on ICT Access of Households and Individuals, in the Palestinian Territory 2000-2009 will substantially contribute in enriching the database of information and communications technology (ICT), through providing detailed indicators necessary for local needs, and consistent with the international practices. In line with these guidelines, PCBS accomplished this comparative report focusing on ICT data analysis aiming at maximizing the benefits foreseen from the ICT Households Surveys.

The study aimed to understand the socioeconomic impact of ICT on the Palestinian society, and to assess the penetration level of ICT among Palestinian Households and Individuals.

PCBS hopes that this report will enable planners and decision makers to carry out their duties of caring and promoting the ICT sector in the Palestinian Territory which will definitely reflect on the overall development processes in the whole society; and will enlighten decision and policy makers engaged in the comprehensive national development process in the country.

September, 2010

Ola Awad Acting President

Users Notes

- The ideas and analysis presented in this document represents authors views and do not necessarily express PCBS official views.
- The Researcher prepared this study depending on data derived from PCBS databases and other data sources. PCBS will not be responsible for any mistakes of these data.
- -: Means in the table that there are no observations.

Executive Summary

PCBS publishes official statistical data to the decision makers on different fields in the Palestinian society. Accordingly, it carried out several surveys and statistical reports on different categories of the Palestinian society, one of which is this report "Comparative Report on ICT-Access of Households and Individuals, in the Palestinian Territory 2000-2009", which is based mainly on a set of Households Surveys conducted during the period 2000-2009, these surveys are: Mass Media Survey 2000, Computer, Internet and Mobile Phone Survey 2004, Household Survey on Information and Communications Technology 2006, and Culture Survey 2009.

The Palestinian Information Communication and Technology Sector has witnessed important developments during the past three decades, and these developments have contributed in shaping this sector and defining the level of ICT indicators for the current period. The communication sector in Palestine has suffered during the Israeli occupation as a result of the Israeli obstacles, which limited its development and negatively affected the spread of communication services among the Palestinian households.

However, the communication infrastructure in the Palestinian Territory has witnessed large developments after the establishment of the Palestinian National Authority especially in the quality and quantity of fixed and mobile phone communication. Furthermore, the Palestinian National Authority issued, through presidential decree in 1996, a law that regulates the Telecommunications sector.

The passage of more than 14 years since the law was passed, and the emergence of many new developments in the communication sector since then, reinforce the need for a new legislative framework that takes into consideration new developments and addresses the specific limitations of the existing law.

Conclusions:

Access indicators to communication and information technology services have been significantly developed in the second half of the nineties in the last century. Particularly, the communication and information technology sector in the Palestinian Territory has witnessed developments in the most of ICT indicators, which can be concluded in the following points:

- The percentage of Palestinian households that benefit from the fixed telephone services between the years 1997 and 2009 had increased from 19.6% to 47.5%. While the percentage of households benefiting from this service in urban areas and refugee camps exceeds those in rural areas. In addition, the percentage of households that benefit from this service is higher in the West Bank than in the Gaza Strip.
- The number of households and persons who use mobile services had increased in the past years. The relevant indicator had increased from 0.86 subscriber per 100 inhabitants in 1995 to 3.87 subscriber per 100 inhabitants in 1999. While, this indicator reached 14.8 subscriber per 100 inhabitants in 2005 after the establishment of Jawwal Mobile company. As a result, the percentage of households that benefit from this service reached 92.4% of total households in 2009.
- The percentage of households that have Internet services at home had increased from 2.0% in year 2000 to 28.5% in 2009. The percentage of households that use the internet had remained in favor of the West Bank till the year 2004. Then, the percentage of households in Gaza Strip (30.9%) exceeded the percentage in the West Bank (27.2%).

However, these percentages remain generally low due to poor knowledge of using the Internet among the Palestinians.

• From household's perspectives, reasons for ownership of a computer vary from mostly for educational purposes followed by recreational/entertainment activities. However, lesser households own computers for work or skill-development purposes. In contrast, persons (in contrast to households) own computers for recreational/entertainment purposes in the first place. From gender perspectives, females own computers for educational purposes while males for recreational/entertainment reasons. In addition, the use of computers in the Palestinian business sector is still limited.

In regards to the use of the Internet, the majority of persons use the Internet for information and knowledge, followed by entertainment or recreation, communication, study and finally for work purposes. The majority of females use the Internet for information relevant to science, health, women and child issues in addition to studying purposes. On the other hand, males use the internet for information relevant to politics, news, as well as entertainment and recreational purposes.

In comparison with a number of Arab countries, the index value of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) in the Palestinian Territory is very low in light of the modest values of the four component indicators: fixed telephone, mobile phones, computers and the internet. As a result, the Palestinian Territory is classified in the group of underdeveloped countries in respect to the wide spread of information technology. There are many factors that limit the accessibility level of households and persons to ICT in the Palestinian Territory, mainly: low income, high cost of ICT services, and low ICT literacy. The accessibility and use of ICT decrease with higher age groups, and in rural areas compared with urban areas and camps.

Recommendations:

Given these conclusions, the report proposes a number of recommendations aimed at improving the ICT sector in the Palestinian Territory, the ICT indicators, and increasing the accessibility and use of ICT services among the Palestinians. The following are the most important recommendations:

- Provide a legal framework to respond to recent developments in the ICT at the local and global levels. It is necessary that the legal framework achieves the required balance between the interests of various stakeholders (supervisory authorities, operators, and consumers).
- Promote awareness among different groups in society including schools and businesses, and the development of relevant knowledge and skills to use ICT.
- Improve the infrastructure and superstructure through the strengthening of services and increasing in the allocation and channeling of resources. In addition, the need to increase the effectiveness of the institutional framework through participation of the supervisory governmental bodies, civil societies and the private sector.
- Achieve maximum benefit from international experiences and global developments, through active participation in ICT exhibitions and events at the local, regional and international levels
- Increase the volume of financial resources allocated for the development of the Palestinian ICT sector, and to utilize these resources for local innovations.
- To consider the variations in the level of usage and access to ICT in the Palestinian Territory through the adoption of strategies and policies of positive discrimination

- targeted at areas with low ICT indicators in the access and use of ICT, specifically Gaza Strip, southern of West Bank, and rural areas.
- Provide equal opportunities for service providers, and encourage official efforts towards the liberalization of the telecommunication and cellular sectors. Such efforts shall contribute to the development of relevant ICT indicators in the Palestinian Territory.