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Table 1: Imported Energy in the Remaining West Bank and Gaza Strip by Type of Energy and Month, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters,

LPG, Coal and Wood in Metric Tons and Total Energy in Tera Joule

		Energy Type						
Month								
	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity	
January	1473	575	2082	1853	15572	13687	71614	
February	2145	1033	1963	2284	13470	13918	78958	
March	1408	857	2045	1843	15078	11984	72208	
April	1202	690	1224	549	12600	10573	76282	
May	1388	816	1017	191	14847	13609	82872	
June	1374	1711	937	168	15374	11588	86607	
July	1380	841	758	168	15519	12686	84665	
August	1406	595	993	211	17134	10086	94684	
September	1316	527	1156	339	15613	10830	78505	
October	1385	350	930	899	16122	11203	85901	
November	1304	365	1101	535	15143	10157	84424	
December	1640	712	1786	1462	16272	10733	133890	
Total	16728	9072	15992	10502	182744	141054	1030610	

1997 :2

Table 2: Imported Energy in the Remaining West Bank and Gaza Strip by Type of Energy and Region, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters,

LPG, Coal and Wood in Metric Tons and Total Energy in Tera Joule

		Energy Type						
Region								
	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity	
West Bank- North	5786	2069	5891	4182	71246	54747	236337	
West Bank-Middle	3197	31	2772	2063	39691	28753	151738	
West Bank-South	5303	5994	5234	3659	63216	47941	234787	
Gaza Strip	2442	978	2095	598	8591	9613	407748	
Total	16728	9072	15992	10502	182744	141054	1030610	

1997 :3

Table 3: Re-Exported Energy in the Remaining West Bank and Gaza Strip by Type of Energy and Month, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters,

LPG, Coal and Wood in Metric Tons and Total Energy in Tera Joule

		Energy Type						
Month								
	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity	
January	20	46	1	5	455	58	0	
February	22	128	6	0	461	52	0	
March	23	80	0	0	535	49	0	
April	28	146	0	0	624	75	0	
May	27	171	0	0	574	62	0	
June	34	143	1	0	821	28	0	
July	24	319	0	0	476	4	0	
August	28	158	0	0	637	36	0	
September	22	254	0	0	421	23	0	
October	29	150	0	0	669	42	0	
November	27	217	0	0	556	66	0	
December	34	47	0	0	847	53	0	
Total	318	1859	8	5	7076	548	0	

1997 :4

Table 4: Re-Exported Energy in the Remaining West Bank and Gaza Strip by Type of Energy and Region, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters.,

LPG, Coal and Wood in Metric Tons and Total Energy in Tera Joule

		Energy Type						
Region								
	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity	
West Bank- North	79	1857	0	0	986	132	0	
West Bank-Middle	112	0	8	5	2869	172	0	
West Bank-South	127	2	0	0	3221	244	0	
Gaza Strip	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	318	1859	8	5	7076	548	0	

1997 :5

Table 5: Energy Purchases for Industrial Activities by Type of Energy and Activity, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters, LPG, Oil and Lubricates, Coal and Wood in Metric Tons and Total Energy in Tera Joule

			Energy Type	;					
Economic Activity									
	No. of Establ.	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	Oils and Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity
Mining & quarrying	362	371	1	285	17	2	9322	204	1845
Manufacturing	14794	3835	659	1299	6147	1277	59858	8567	235126
Electricity and water supply	886	425	1	72	22	21	6521	209	41659
Total	16042	4631	661	1656	6186	1300	75701	8980	278630

1997 :6

Table 6: Energy Purchases for Industrial Activities by Type of Energy and Region, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters.

				Energy Ty	pe						
Region	Economic Activity	No. of Establ.	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	Oils and Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity	
West Bank -North	Mining & quarrying	145	201	1	105	6	1	5240	31	465	
	Manufacturing	4988	807	240	327	847	292	14171	1978	37464	
	Electricity and water supply	189	204	1	60	3	2	5439	14	61	
	Total	5322	1212	242	492	856	295	24850	2023	37990	
West Bank -Middle	Mining & quarrying	6	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	
	Manufacturing	2160	767	104	208	1241	85	11623	1487	53815	
	Electricity and water supply	28	195	0	1	13	0	485	195	41186	
	Total	2194	962	104	209	1254	85	12111	1683	95001	
West Bank -South	Mining & quarrying	211	170	0	179	11	1	4079	171	1380	
	Manufacturing	3702	1258	176	440	775	193	22280	2066	74046	
	Electricity and water supply	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	
	Total	3927	1428	176	619	786	194	26359	2237	75430	
Gaza Strip	Manufacturing	3944	1004	139	325	3284	707	11784	3037	69801	
	Electricity and water supply	655	25	0	11	6	19	597	0	408	
	Total	4599	1029	139	336	3290	726	12381	3037	70209	
Total		16042	4631	661	1656	6186	1300	75701	8980	278630	

1997 () :7

Table 7: Energy Purchases for Economic Activities (Except Industry) by Type of Energy and Activity, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters,

			Energy Typ	be						
Economic Activity										
	No. of Establ.	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	Oils and Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity	
Construction	526	1334	919	832	207	102	28929	3836	18768	
Services	13378	805	548	167	2703	885	6070	3542	73124	
Internal trade	39548	1243	104	404	1082	839	20220	6070	50158	
Transport, storage & communications	687	1816	0	935	146	889	45349	787	8680	
Total	54139	5198	1571	2338	4138	2715	100568	14237	150730	

1997 () :8

Table 8: Energy Purchases in Economic Activities (Except Industry) by Type of Energy and Region, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters,

				Energy Ty	pe				_			
Region	Economic Activity											
		No .of Establ.	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	Oils and Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity		
West Bank - North	Construction	145	505	407	430	58	10	11564	955	4426		
	Services	4454	127	49	21	210	18	1375	489	11831		
	Internal trade	14076	339	25	93	174	296	6803	980	8138		
	Transport, storage and communication	161	380	0	194	8	11	9616	178	2394		
	Total	18836	1351	148	738	450	335	29358	2602	26789		
West Bank- Middle	Construction	78	352	0	52	11	14	8325	376	7134		
	Services	2320	330	765	47	1169	731	1333	935	37715		
	Internal trade	5157	297	77	86	213	74	3542	1898	21632		
	Transport, storage and communication	124	534	0	295	23	13	13624	279	1903		
	Total	7679	1513	842	480	1416	832	26824	3488	68384		
West Bank - South	Construction	84	198	41	156	22	1	4068	703	4049		
	Services	2636	184	61	58	564	47	2192	861	11316		
	Internal trade	8021	221	4	88	95	30	3874	1225	7226		
	Transport, storage and communication	92	572	0	385	19	183	14741	30	560		
	Total	10833	1175	106	687	700	261	24875	2819	23151		

1997 () :() 8

Table 8 (Continued): Energy Purchases in Economic Activities (Except Industry) by Type of Energy and Region, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters,

				Energy Typ	e						
Region	Economic Activity	No .of Establ.	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	Oils and Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity	
Gaza Strip	Construction	219	269	2	194	115	78	4970	1802	3160	
	Services	3968	173	94	40	760	88	1170	1259	12261	
	Internal trade	12294	387	46	137	600	438	6001	1967	13161	
	Transport, storage and communication	310	330	0	62	97	683	7369	300	3824	
	Total	16791	1159	142	433	1572	1287	19511	5328	32406	
Total		54139	5198	1571	2338	4138	2715	100568	14237	150730	

1997 :9
Table 9: Energy Used for Production in Industrial Activities by Type of Energy and Activity, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters,

			Energy Type	;	·	·	·	•	·
Economic Activity									
	No. of Establ.	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	Oils and Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity
Mining & quarrying	362	375	1	283	18	2	9416	204	1845
Manufacturing	14794	3847	671	1334	6106	1271	60181	8613	235103
Electricity and water supply	886	424	1	72	22	21	6495	209	41659
Total	16042	4646	673	1689	6146	1294	76092	9026	278607

1997 :10

Table 10: Energy Used for Production in Industrial Activities by Type of Energy and Region, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters,

				Energy Ty	/pe						
Region	Economic Activity										
		No. of Establ.	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	Oils and Lubricate	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity	
West Bank -North	Mining & quarrying	145	200	1	105	6	1	5240	31	465	
	Manufacturing	4988	810	252	326	841	285	14223	1975	37464	
	Electricity and water supply	189	204	1	60	3	2	5429	14	61	
	Total	5322	1214	254	491	850	288	24892	2020	37990	
West Bank -Middle	Mining & quarrying	6	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	
	Manufacturing	2160	767	104	210	1242	85	11645	1485	53791	
	Electricity and water supply	28	195	0	1	13	0	468	196	41186	
	Total	2194	962	104	211	1255	85	12116	1682	94977	
West Bank -South	Mining & quarrying	211	173	0	177	12	1	4173	172	1381	
	Manufacturing	3702	1269	176	474	753	193	22539	2118	74046	
	Electricity and water supply	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	
	Total	3927	1442	176	651	765	194	26712	2290	75431	
Gaza Strip	Manufacturing	3944	1003	139	325	3270	707	11774	3034	69801	
	Electricity and water supply	655	25	0	11	6	20	598	0	408	

1997 :() 10
Table10 (Continued): Energy Used for Production for Industrial Activities by Type of Energy and Region, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters,

				Energy T	ype						
Region	Economic Activity	No. of Establ.	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	Oils and Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity	
	Total	4599	1028	139	336	3276	727	12372	3034	70209	
Total		16042	4646	673	1689	6146	1294	76092	9026	278607	

1997 () :11

Table 11: Energy Used for Production in Economic Activities (Except Industry) by Type of Energy and Activity, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters,

			Energy Type							
Economic Activity										
	No .of Establ.	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	Oils and Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity	
Construction	526	1385	920	880	206	104	30251	3837	18768	
Services	13378	806	549	168	2702	886	6091	3550	73106	
Internal trade	39548	1244	104	404	1081	853	20223	6065	50150	
Transport, storage & communications	687	1820	0	934	148	889	45445	803	8681	
Total	54139	5255	1572	2386	4137	2732	102012	14256	150705	

1997 () :12

Table 12: Energy Used for Production in Economic Activities (Except Industry) by Type of Energy and Region, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters.

				Energy Tyj	pe						
Region	Economic Activity										
		No. of Establ.	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	Oils and Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity	
West Bank- North	Construction	145	501	407	429	57	10	11467	955	4426	
	Services	4454	127	49	21	214	18	1375	488	11831	
	Internal trade	14076	339	25	93	175	310	6798	979	8138	
	Transport , storage and communication	161	380	0	194	8	11	9616	178	2394	
	Total	18836	1347	481	737	454	349	29256	2600	26789	
West Bank - Middle	Construction	78	416	469	100	11	14	9729	376	7134	
Middle	Services	2320	323	345	47	1169	733	1357	944	37711	
	Internal trade	5157	297	29	86	213	75	3560	1901	21632	
	Transport, storage and communication	124	534	1	295	23	13	13624	279	1903	
	Total	7679	1570	844	528	1416	835	28270	3500	68380	
West Bank - South -	Construction	84	198	41	156	22	1	4068	700	4049	
South -	Services	2636	184	61	58	564	47	2192	860	11303	
	Internal trade	8021	220	4	88	94	30	3871	1220	7218	
	Transport, storage and communication	92	572	0	385	19	183	14741	30	560	
	Total	10833	1174	106	687	699	261	24872	2810	23130	

1997 () :() 12

Table 12 (Continued): Energy Used for Production in Economic Activities (Except Industry) by Type of Energy and Region, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters,

			Energy Type									
Region	Economic Activity	No. of	Total	Coal and	Oils and	LDC	T.	D: 1	a ii			
		Establ.	Energy	Wood	Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity		
Gaza Strip	Construction	219	270	2	194	115	80	4987	1806	3160		
	Services	3968	173	93	40	758	88	1167	1257	12261		
	Internal trade	12294	387	46	138	598	437	5994	1967	13161		
	Transport storage and communication	310	334	0	62	97	682	7465	316	3824		
	Total	16791	1164	141	434	1568	1287	19613	5346	32406		
Total		54139	5255	1572	2386	4137	2732	102012	14256	150705		

1997 :13

Table 13: Energy Losses in Economic Activities by Type of Energy and Activity, 1997

Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters,

			Energy Type			_		
Active	Economic Activity							
		Total Energy	Coal and Wood	Oils and Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline
Industry	Mining & quarrying	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0
	Manufacturing	1.3	0.1	0.5	22.6	3.7	5.1	0.3
	Electricity and water supply	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0
	Total	1.4	0.1	0.8	22.6	3.7	6.4	0.3
Internal Trade	Wholesale and retail & repairs	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.5	2.6	1.1
	Total	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.5	2.6	1.1
Construction	Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Services	Hotels & restaurants	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.2
	Real estate, renting & business activities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Education	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Health & social work	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Community, social & personal services	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.2
Transport	Transport, Storage and communication.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total		1.6	0.1	0.8	22.7	4.2	9.3	1.6

1997 :14

Table 14: Energy Losses in Economic Activities by Type of Energy and Region, 1997

Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosen in Thousand Liters,

		Energy Type						
Region	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	Oils and Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	
West Bank - North	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.1	3.0	6.4	0.4	
West Bank - Middle	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.4	0.2	
West Bank - South	1.1	0.0	0.6	22.5	0.1	2.5	1.0	
Gaza Strip	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.0	0.0	
Total	1.6	0.1	0.8	22.7	4.2	9.3	1.6	

1997 :15

Table 15: Energy Used for Electricity Generation in Economic Activities by Type of Energy and Activity, 1997

Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosen in Thousand Liters,

			Energy Ty	pe					
Active	Economic Activity								
		Total Energy	Coal and Wood	Oils and Lubricate	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	
Industry	Mining & quarrying	11.4	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	297.6	11.0	
	Manufacturing	363.2	182.5	20.6	0.9	127.9	9544.9	27.6	
	Electricity and water supply	18.8	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.0	504.8	0.0	
	Total	393.4	182.5	23.6	0.9	127.9	10347.3	38.6	
Intomol Tuodo	Whalasala and matail & manains	145	0.0	1.0	0.0	196.0	171.2	26.0	
Internal Trade	Wholesale and retail & repairs	14.5	0.0	1.0	0.0	186.9	171.2	36.0	
	Total	14.5	0.0	1.0	0.0	186.7	171.2	36.0	
Construction	Construction	43.3	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	1153.2	17.0	
	Total	43.3	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	1153.2	17.0	
Services	Hotels & restaurants	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	110.4	1.8	
	Real estate, renting & business activities	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Education	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.6	0.1	
	Health & social work	1.1	0.0	0.0	1.5	2.4	25.8	0.5	
	Community, social & personal services	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	62.7	0.2	
	Total	7.7	0.0	0.1	2.3	3.6	200.5	2.6	
Transport	Transport, Storage and communication	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total		458.9	182.5	26.7	3.2	318.2	11872.2	94.2	

1997 :16
Table 16: Energy Used for Electricity Generation in Economic Activities by Type of Energy and Region,1997

Gasoline, Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters,

		Energy Type						
Region								
	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	Oils and Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	
West Bank -North	160.6	182.5	15.2	0.0	186.9	4002.5	45.2	
West Bank -Middle	1.7	0.0	0.5	1.9	1.2	16.5	25.7	
West Bank -South	215.5	0.0	10.8	0.8	0.0	5796.8	17.8	
Gaza Strip	81.1	0.0	0.2	0.5	130.2	2056.4	5.5	
Total	458.9	182.5	26.7	3.2	318.3	11872.2	94.2	

1997 :17
Table 17: Households Energy Consumption by Type of Energy

Table 17: Households Energy Consumption by Type of Energy and Month, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters,

		Energy Type						
Month								
	Total Energy	Coal and Wood	Oils and Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity
January	906	64	27	8479	2440	1059	6256	51675
February	1352	226	31	9575	4498	2158	10743	84656
March	1157	192	58	8816	4670	153	8194	81318
April	1177	182	74	6947	966	713	11215	110638
May	976	74	76	5623	390	435	9537	96703
June	979	381	49	5868	572	726	9047	93162
July	1218	47	98	5464	443	96	16303	108031
August	1006	62	37	6043	236	0	11055	93949
September	970	40	9	5885	497	0	7984	108042
October	1094	134	59	4971	355	369	13888	99580
November	1182	1247	46	6783	962	194	10374	119617
December	1359	611	38	7955	1774	2660	12691	106514
Total	13376	3260	602	82409	17803	8563	127287	1153885
Monthly Average Consumption	1115	272	50	6867	1484	714	10607	96157

1997 :18

Table 18: Households Energy Consumption by Type of Energy and Region, 1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour, Gasoline Diesel and Kerosene in Thousand Liters,

		Energy Type	;		,		T	
Region	Total	Coal and	Oils and	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity
	Energy	Wood	Lubricates	LFG	Kerosene	Diesei	Gasonne	Electricity
West Bank – North	3676	939	202	23809	5999	1278	33766	313266
West Bank – Middle	3637	431	163	18621	5990	1602	41487	298922
West Bank – South	2575	1481	112	15382	4461	5574	26489	163500
Gaza Strip	3488	409	125	24597	1353	109	25545	378197
Total	13376	3260	602	82409	17803	8563	127287	1153885

1997–1996 :19
Table 19: Household Annual Electrical Consumption and the Growth Rate by Region, 1996-1997

Electricity in MegaWatt.hour

Region	%	Year	
Region	Growth Rate %	1997	1996
West Bank-North	60	313266	195690
West Bank-Middle	41	298922	211883
West Bank-South	52	163500	107856
Gaza Strip	39	378197	271573
Palestinian Territory	47	1153885	787002

1997-1996 :20
Table 20: Households Annual Total Energy Consumption and Growth Rate by Region, 1996-1997

Total Energy in Tera Joule

	%	Year		
Region	Growth Rate %	1997	1996	
West Bank-North	40	3676	2628	
West Bank-Middle	29	3637	2809	
West Bank-South	52	2575	1694	
Gaza Strip	37	3488	2544	
Palestinian Territory	38	13376	9675	

1997–1996 :21
Table 21: Change in Energy Purchase's for Industrial Activities by Region, 1996-1997

Total Energy in Tera Joule(TJ)

Region	Year	
Region	1997	1996
West Bank-North	1212	923
West Bank-Middle	962	560
West Bank-South	1428	1083
Gaza Strip	1029	574
Palestinian Territory	4631	3141

1997-1996 :22
Table 22: Change in Energy Purchases in Economic Activities by Region, 1996-1997

Total Energy in Tera Joule

D.	Year		
Region	1997	1996	
West Bank-North	1351	737	
West Bank-Middle	1513	1063	
West Bank-South	1175	562	
Gaza Strip	1159	1028	
Palestinian Territory	5198	3390	

1997 () :23
Table 23: Energy Prices in NIS by Region, Period and Type of Energy, 1997

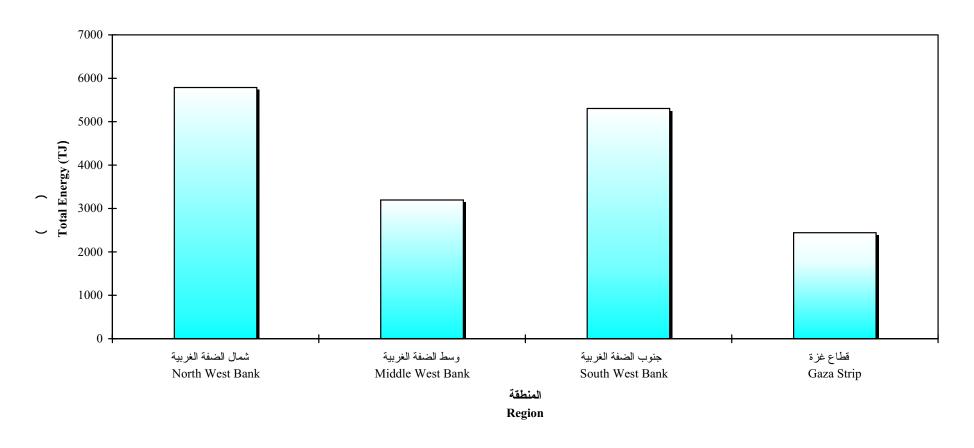
		Energy T	ype							
Region	Period	Wood and Coal	Oils and Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity		
West Bank	January – February	2.57	8.01	1.88	1.35	1.31	3.06	0.48	-	
	March – April	2.75	8.30	2.01	1.17	1.21	3.23	0.44	-	
	May – June	2.75	8.43	2.02	1.18	1.22	3.25	0.44	_	
	July – August	3.00	8.67	2.02	1.19	1.23	3.28	0.44	_	
	September – October	3.00	8.67	2.00	1.21	1.27	3.40	0.44	-	
	November – December	4.00	8.67	2.04	1.23	1.32	3.37	0.44	_	
	Average Annual Price	3.01	8.46	2.00	1.22	1.26	3.27	0.45		
Gaza Strip	January – February	3.10	8.43	1.81	1.30	1.31	3.06	0.38	-	
	March – April	2.86	7.75	1.82	1.18	1.21	3.24	0.38	_	
	May – June	2.94	8.03	1.83	1.18	1.22	3.23	0.38	_	
	July – August	3.00	8.32	1.82	1.20	1.25	3.25	0.38	_	
	September – October	3.00	8.42	1.75	1.20	1.23	3.40	0.39	-	
	November – December	3.00	8.45	1.83	1.26	1.36	3.39	0.39	_	
	Average Annual Price	2.98	8.23	1.81	1.22	1.26	3.26	0.38		

7199 () :()23
Table 23 (Continued): Energy Prices in NIS by Region, Period and Type of Energy, 1997

		Energy Type								
Region	Period	Wood and Coal	Oils and Lubricates	LPG	Kerosene	Diesel	Gasoline	Electricity		
Jerusalem	January – February	3.50	9.21	2.12	1.30	1.27	3.05	0.35	-	
	March – April	3.50	9.21	2.28	1.16	1.21	3.24	0.35	-	
	May – June	3.50	9.21	2.42	1.18	1.23	3.10	0.35	-	
	July – August	3.50	9.21	2.50	1.19	1.25	3.32	0.35	-	
	September – October	3.50	9.21	2.29	1.20	1.28	3.41	0.35	-	
	November – December	3.50	9.21	2.29	1.22	1.30	2.80	0.35	_	
	Average Annual Price	3.50	9.21	2.32	1.21	1.26	3.15	0.35		
Average Annual Price in the Palestinian Territories		3.16	8.63	2.04	1.22	1.26	3.23	0.39		

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1997 :1 Figure 1: Total Re-exported Energy in Remaining West Bank and Gaza Strip by Region, 1997



1997 :2 Figure 2: Imported Energy in Remaining West Bank and Gaza Strip by Month, 1997

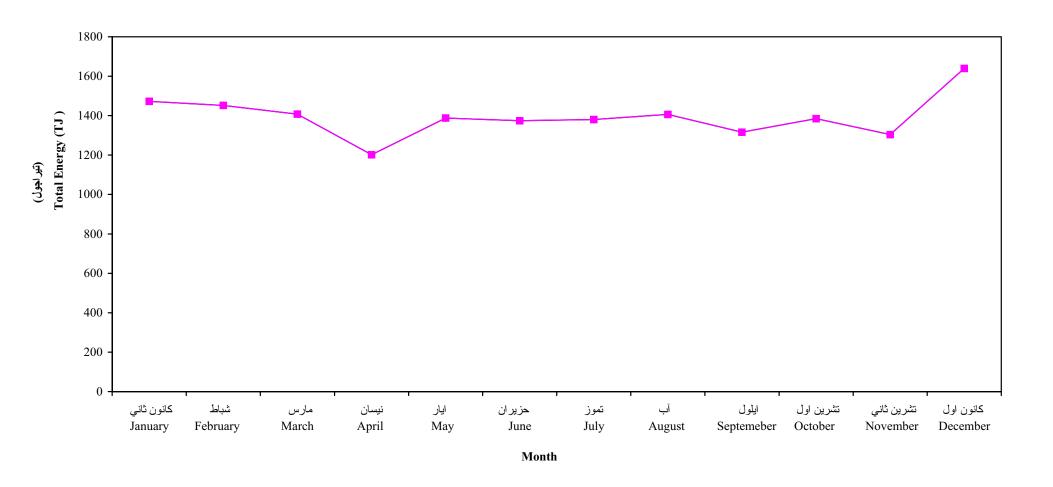
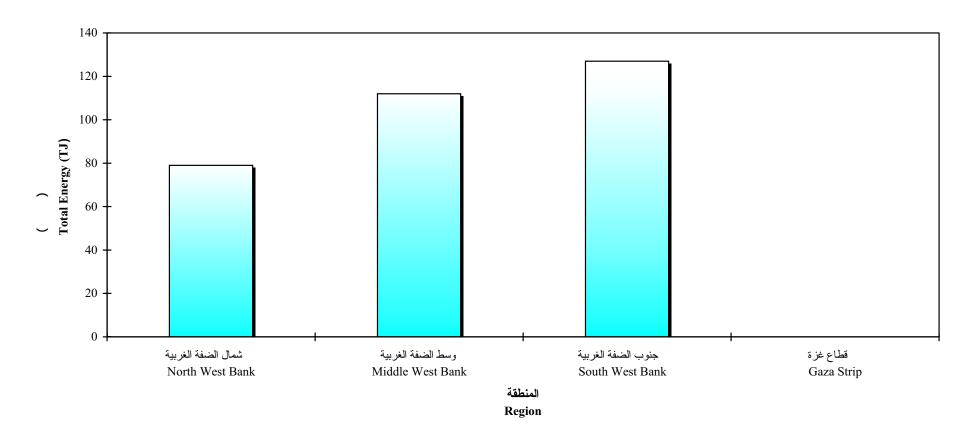
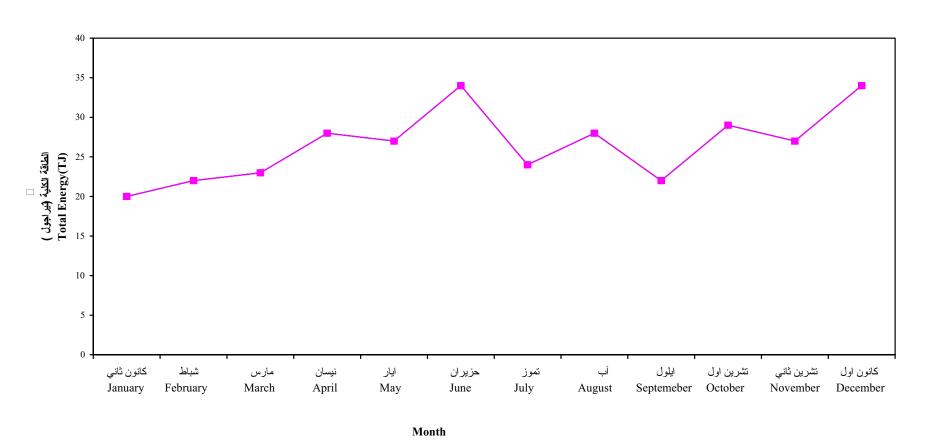


Figure 3: Total Re-exported Energy in Remaining West Bank and Gaza Strip by Region, 1997

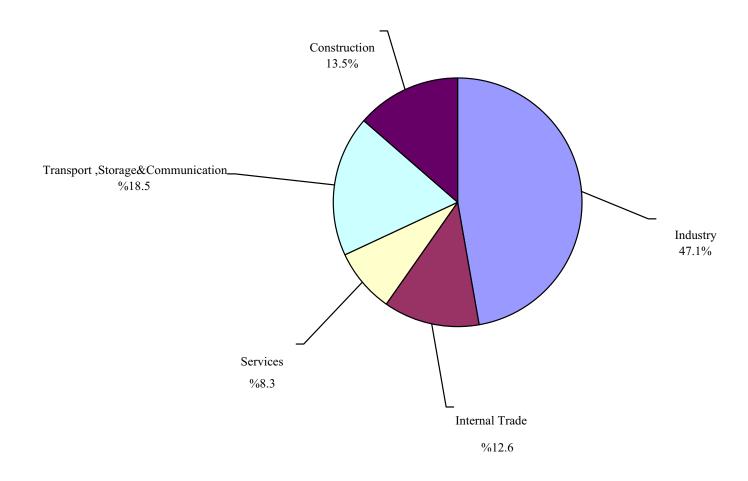


1997 :4
Figure 4: Total Re-Exported Energy in Remaining West Bank and Gaza Strip by Month, 1997

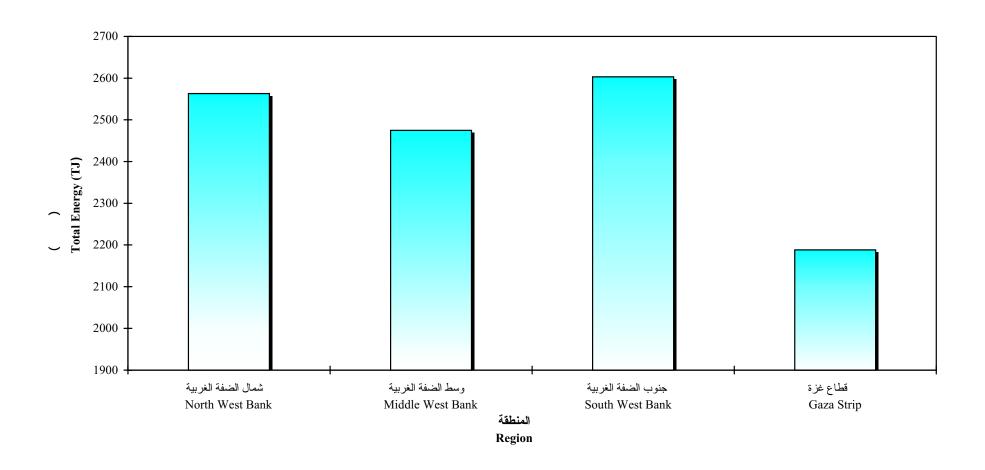


:5



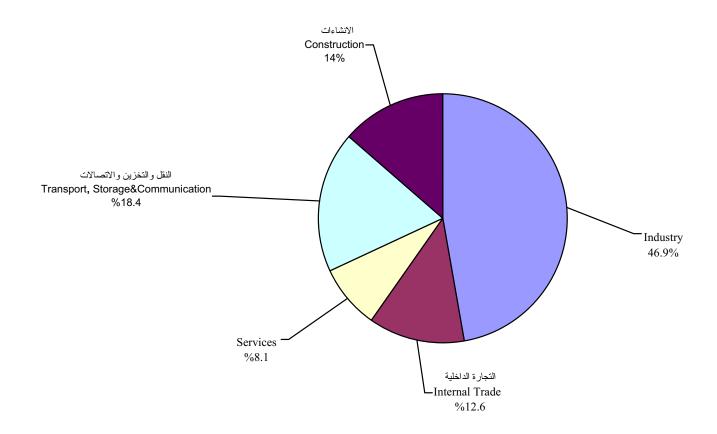


1997 :6 Figure 6: Total Energy Purchases in Economic Activities in Palestinian Territory by Region, 1997



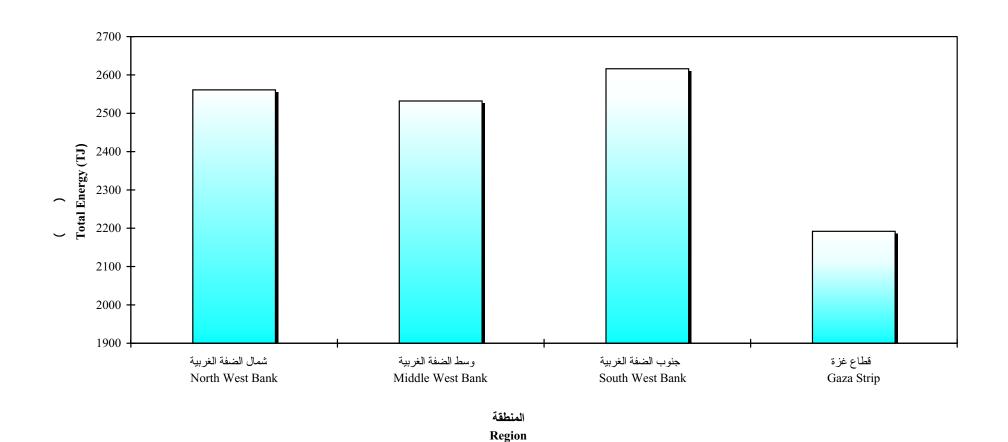
1997 :7

Figure 7: Total Energy Used for Production in Economic Activities in Palestinian Territory by Active, 1997

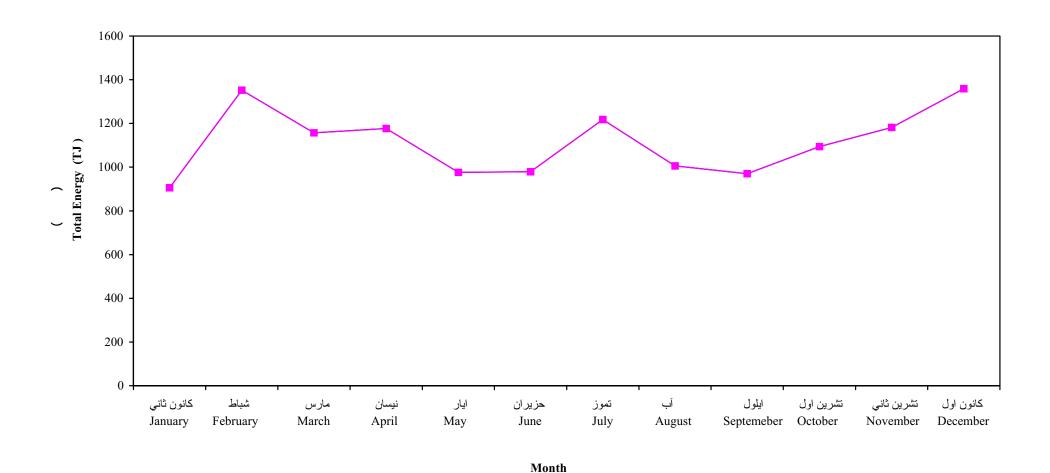


1997 :8

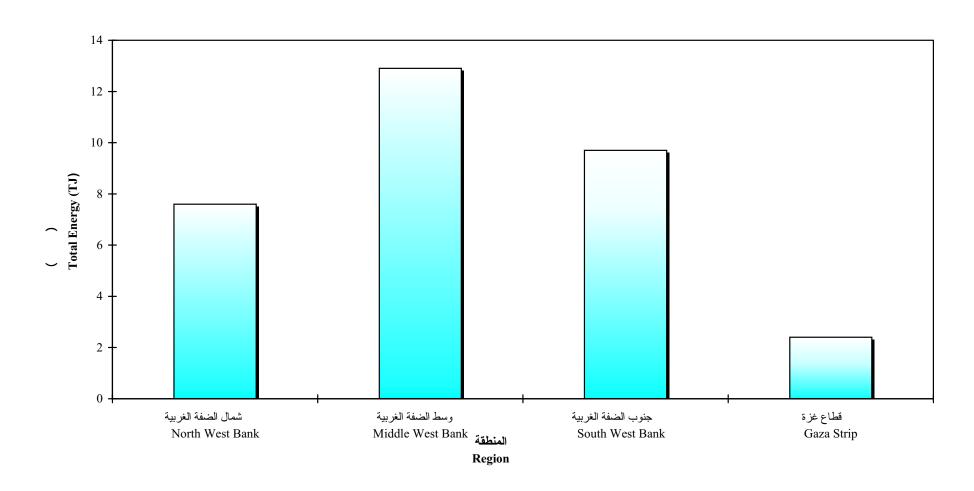
Figure 8: Total Energy Used for Production in Economic Activities in Palestinian Territory by Region, 1997



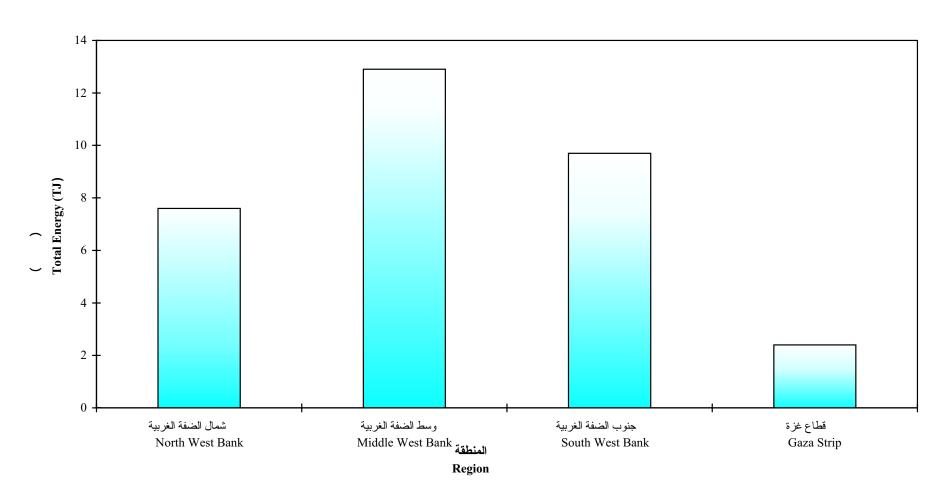
1997 :9 Figure 9: Households Total Energy Consumption in Palestinian Territory by Month, 1997



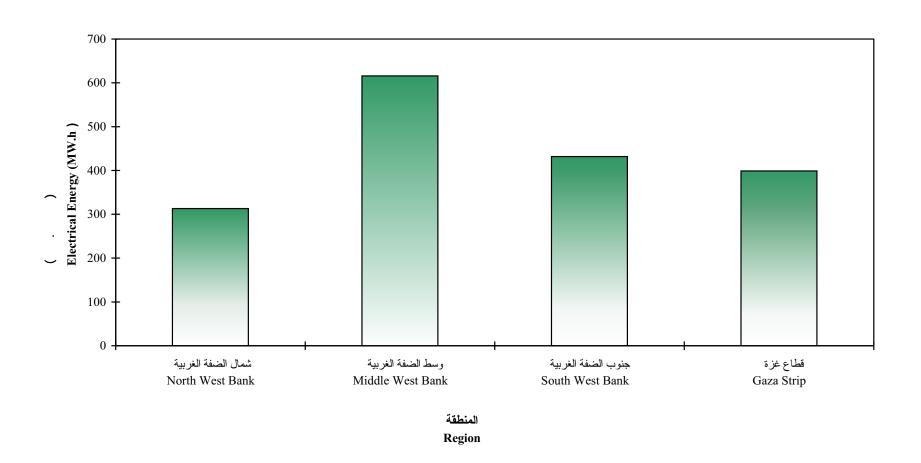
1997 :10
Figure 10: Households Total Energy Consumption in Palestinian Territory by Region, 1997



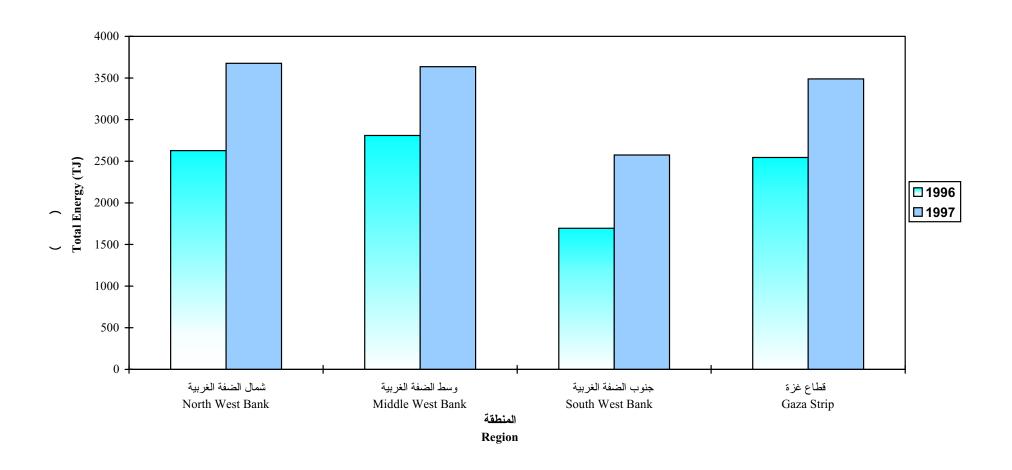
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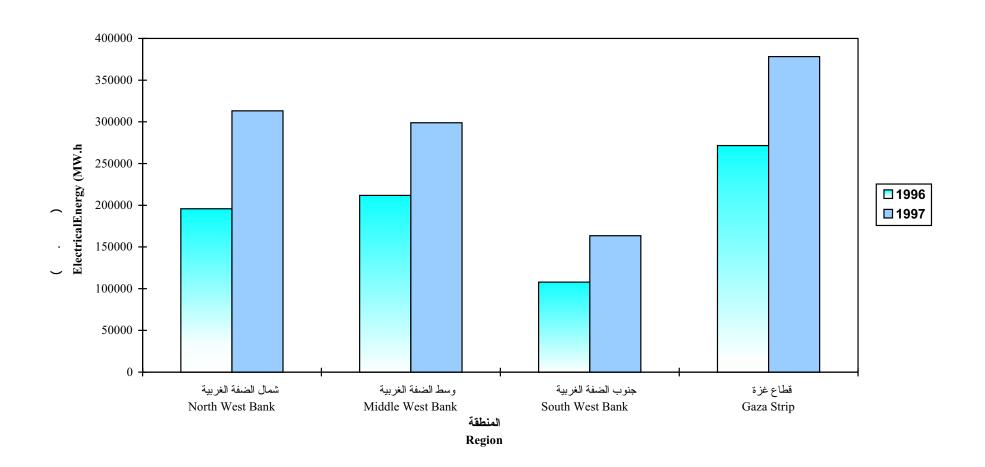
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Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics

Energy Consumption in the Palestinian Territory Annual Report 1997

June, 2000

PAGE NUMBERS OF ENGLISH TEXT ARE PRINTED IN SQUARE BRACKETS. TABLES ARE PRINTED IN THE ARABIC ORDER (FROM RIGHT TO LEFT)

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Preface

Undoubtedly, availability of reliable statistical data on energy consumption is a major input in planning and development process. Most countries pay special attention for energy statistics due to the important role of energy in reflecting the situation of the infrastructure. Energy statistics provide basic information on economic situation, environmental indicators and the level of living in the society. Energy issue is extremely important in Palestine, due to the shortage of natural resource accompanied with the high population density.

PCBS is very pleased to introduce the second annual report of energy consumption for the reference year 1997. Statistical data provided in this report was derived from surveys and other statistical activities conducted by PCBS. The data was derived from Palestinian expenditure and consumption survey (PECS), as will as the statistical economic surveys series. Other data was derived from foreign trade and price statistics at PCBS.

This report presents statistical data on the basic indicators related to energy consumption in different economic activities. Also, the report provides data on energy consumption in the domestic sector in the Palestinian Territory including the consumption of electricity, biomass and petroleum products.

It is worth noting that this report is a step toward establishing the energy balance in the Palestinian Territory. We hope that this report will contribute in bridging the data gap in energy statistics and in providing useful data for the main data users.

July, 2000

Hasan Abu-Libdeh, Ph.D. President

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Executive Summary

1. Introduction:

Energy is considered of a great importance due to its role in reflecting the economy, the people welfare and the level of living. Also, energy data reflect infrastructure situation.

The data of this report is based on the administrative records and the data extracted from surveys performed by the Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics (PCBS). This report provides data about energy consumption of the different activities.

This report aim to achieve the following objectives:

- 1. Contribute to providing essential data for establishing energy balance in the Palestinian Territory.
- 2. Provide necessary data for research and analysis purposes.
- 3. Provide necessary data for policy makers and interested persons in the field of energy.

The report provides data on the following indicators:

- 1. Energy imports and exports in the Palestinian Territory by type of energy and region.
- 2. Energy consumed by economic sectors in the Palestinian Territory.
- 3. Energy used for Electricity generation in economic sector in the Palestinian Territory.
- 4. Energy losses and stock change by economic activity in the Palestinian Territory.
- 5. Growth in the total energy consumption in Palestinian Territory between 1996-1997.

2. Concepts and Definitions:

This part presents the main concepts and definitions based on the international recommendations in the field of energy statistics.

The main concepts and expressions mentioned in this report were as follows:

Fuel: Any matter used for producing energy via thermal, chemical or

nuclear interaction.

Gasoline: Gasoline is a hydrocarbon fuel used mainly in internal- combustion

engines. This fuel is obtained via filtration of crude oil. The quality of this type of fuel is measured by the octane number (from 0 to 100), which points to its resistance of early burning. This number is obtained via comparing the performance of its resistance of early burning with a mixture of C⁷H¹⁶ and C⁸H¹⁸. For instance, the

performance of "Gasoline 95" equals the performance of a mixture

of 95% C^8H^{18} and 5% C^7H^{16} .

Diesel: Diesel is a hydrocarbon fuel mainly used in several types of

internal- combustion engines and furnaces. This fuel is obtained via

filtration of crude oil.

Kerosene: Kerosene is a hydrocarbon fuel used mainly as a heating fuel and in

> planes internal- combustion engines. It is also used as a dissolvent and thinner. This fuel is obtained via partial filtration of crude oil.

It is obtained from the remains of filtration. It burns under more Gas Oil:

> than 50 C^o. Its quantitative density exceeds 0.9. Normally, it is of two types: Heavy gas oil and light gas oil. Gas oil is used mainly as a fuel for ships internal- combustion engines and big furnaces.

Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG):

It is mainly used in heating and cooking as well as a fuel in some types of engines and as a raw material for chemical industries. Usually it is marketed in cylinder metallic packages. This gas is comprised of a mixture of gases, e.g. C³H⁸ and C⁴H¹⁰. obtained from natural gas or via fractionation of crude petroleum.

Wood: Refers to all wood used in rough used for fuel purposes.

Refers to the amount of energy obtained from other countries. **Energy Imports:**

Energy Re-Exports: Refers to energy obtained from other countries and supplied to other

countries without making any type of processing in the shape.

Household **Consumption:**

Covers all fuel consumed by households for housing purposes

(water heating, heating, lighting, cooking, space

conditioning,....etc).

Electric Energy: Work done to move an electric charge in a conductor. It is measured

in kilowatt-hour.

Electric Energy = Power (kW) * Time (Hours).

Joule Unit: Energy unit, it is defined as the energy resulting from the movement

of a one-Newton body to a distance of one meter. 1 Joule = 1

Newton. m.

Metric Ton Unit: Mass unit, a Metric ton = 1000 kg. **Kilo Watt-Hour:** Energy unit, a 1 kWh-H = $1000 \text{ Wh} \times 3600 \text{ Second}$

 $= 3.6 \times 10^6$ Watt.second

= 3.6 Megawatt

Other prefixes are used for referring to this unit, e.g. Giga, which

equals 10⁹.

Energy Conversion

Factors: For energy calculations, it is useful to convert quantities from

original units into a common unit for the purpose of aggregating diverse energy sources. The coefficient used for this conversion is

called a conversion factor.

Remaining West Bank West Bank Excluding those part of Jerusalem annexed by Israel in

1967.

West Bank-North: Includes Jenin, Nablus, Tulkarm, Qalqilia governorates, Salfit and

Tubas region

West Bank-Middle: Includes Jerusalem, Ramallah and AL-Bireh, and Jerich

governorates.

West Bank-South: Includes Betlehem, and Hebron governorates.

3. Main Findings:

This section presents the main findings of the report, including energy imports and re-exports as well as the energy purchases, the energy used in production, losses by economic activity.

3.1 Energy Imports and Re-exports:

The main findings of the report indicate that the total energy imports in the Palestinian Territory in 1997 were estimated to 16,728TJ. This amount of energy was composed of 1,030,610 MWh of electricity, 15,992 tons of LPG, 182,744 thousand liters of Diesel, 141,054 thousand liters of Gasoline, 10,502 thousand liters of Kerosene, and 9,072 tons of Coal and Wool.

The distribution of total energy imports over time indicates that the highest quantity of energy imports was 1,640 TJ in Dec,1997 and the lowest quantity of energy imports was 1,202 TJ in April 1997, on the other hand the distribution of energy imports by region indicate that the highest quantity of energy imports was 5,786TJ in North West Bank and the lowest quantity of energy imports was 2,442 TJ in Gaza Strip(table l and 2).

The main finding of the report indicate also that the total re-exported energy in the Palestinian Territory in 1997 was estimated to 318 TJ, This amount of energy was composed of 8 Tons of LPG, 7,076 thousand liters of Diesel, 548 thousand liters of Gasoline, 5 thousand liters of Kerosene, and 1,859 tons of coal and wood. The distribution of total re-exported energy overtime indicate that the highest quantity of Re-exported energy was 34TJ in both June and December 1997, and the lowest quantity of Re-exported energy was 20 TJ in January 1997.

On the other hand, the distribution of re-exported energy by region indicate that the highest quantity of re-exported energy was 127 TJ in south west bank, while there was no re-exported energy in Gaza Strip. (table 3 and 4).

The results show that 1.9% of total energy imported in the Palestinian Territory in 1997 was re-exported. This amount was composed of 0.05% LPG, 3.9% Diesel 0.05% of Kerosene, 0.39% Gasoline and 20.5% of Coal and Wood.

3.2 Energy Purchases:

The main findings of the report indicates that total energy purchases in economic activities in the Palestinian Territory in 1997 were estimated to 9,829TJ.

This amount of energy was composed of 429,360 MWh of electricity, 10,324 Ton of LPG, 176,269 thousand liters of Diesel, 23,217 thousand liters of Gasoline, 4,015 thousand liter Kerosene, 3,994 Tons of Oils and Lubricate, 2,232 Tons of Coal and Wood.

The distribution of total energy purchases by economic activity indicates that the highest quantity of energy purchases was 4,631 TJ in industry, and the lowest quantity of energy purchases was 805TJ in services (*Table 6 and 8*). On the other hand, the distribution of total energy purchases by region indicates that the highest quantity of energy purchases was 2,603TJ in South West Bank and the lowest quantity was 2,188 TJ in Gaza Strip.

The relative distribution of energy purchases by economic activity show that 47.1% of energy purchases in industry, 12.6% in internal trade, 8.3% in services, 13.5% in construction and 18.5% in transport, storage and communication activities.

3.3 Energy Used for Production:

The results show that the total energy used for production in the Palestinian Territory in 1997, was estimated 9,901 TJ, this amount of energy was composed of 429,312 MWh of Electricity, 10,283tons of LPG, 178,104 thousand liter of Diesel, 23,283 thousand liter of Gasoline, 4,026 thousand liters of Kerosene, 4,075 Tons of Oils and Lubricates, 2,246 Tons of Coal and Wood.

The distribution of total Energy used for production by industrial activity indicates that the highest quantity of energy used for production was 4,646TJ in industry and the lowest quantity of energy used for production 806TJ in services. The distribution of the total energy used for production by region indicates that it reached 2,616 TJ in South West Bank and 2,192 TJ in Gaza Strip(*Table 10 and 12*).

The percent of Energy used in production is distributed by economic activity by 46.9% in industry, 12.6% in internal trade, 8.1% in services, 14% in construction and 18.4% in transport storage and communication.

3.4 Energy Losses:

It is indicated from the results that the total energy losses in economic activity in the Palestinian Territory in 1997 was estimated by 1.6TJ, this amount of energy was composed of 22.7 Tons of LPG, 9.3 thousand liter of Diesel, 1.6 thousand liter of Gasoline, 4.2 thousand

liters of Kerosene, 0.1 tons of Coal and Wood, 0.8 tons of Oils and Lubricates. The distribution of energy losses by region indicates that the highest quantity of losses was amounted to 1.1 TJ in South West Bank, and there is not any losses in Middle West Bank and Gaza Strip (*Table 13 and 14*).

3.5 Energy Used in Generating Electricity:

The total energy used in generating electricity reached 458.9 TJ. The quantities of fuel used were as follows: Gasoline 94.2 thousand Liters, Diesel 11,872.2 thousand Liters, Kerosene 318.3 thousand Liters, LPG 3.2 Tons, Coal and Wood 182.5 Tons and Oils and Lubricates 26.7 Tons.

The energy used in generating electricity in the industrial activities was the highest, where it reached 393.4 TJ, while it did not exceed 14.5 TJ in services activity.

The energy used in generating electricity distributed by economic activity was as follows: 85.7% in industry, 3.2% in internal trade, 1.7% in services, 9.4% in construction while there was not ant generating for Electric energy in transport storage and communication sector (table 15).

The highest quantity of energy used in generating electricity was recorded in South West Bank 215.5 TJ, while it doesn't exceeds in Middle West Bank more than 1.7 TJ.

3.6 Domestic Energy Consumption:

The main findings of the report indicate that the total domestic energy consumption in the Palestinian Territory in 1997 was estimated 13,376 TJ, This amount of energy was composed of 1,153,885 MWh, of Electricity, 82,409 Tons of LPG, 8,563 thousand liters of Diesel, 127,287 thousand liters Gasoline, 17,803 thousand of liters Kerosene, 603 tons of Oils and Lubricates and 3,260 Tons of Wood and Coal.

The distribution of total domestic energy consumption by month indicates that the heights quantity of domestic energy consumption was 1,359 TJ in December, and the lowest quantity of domestic energy consumption was 906 in January.

3.7 Average Per Capita Energy Consumption:

The results show that the per capita average energy consumption in the Palestinian Territory (Does not include those parts of Jerusalem which were annexed by Israel in 1967) in 1997 was estimated to 6.5 GJ, and that the average consumption per capita from electrical energy was 401 KW.h, while the highest quantity of the average consumption per capita from the total consumed energy and electrical energy was in the Middle West Bank where it reached 12.9 GJ and 616 KW.h respectively, while in the South West Bank it reached 9.7 GJ and 432 KW.h respectively, and in the North West Bank it reached 7.6 GJ and 313 KW.h. Regarding Gaza Strip the average total energy per capita consumption and electrical energy did not exceed 2.4 GJ and 399 KW.h respectively.

3.8 Annual Growth Rate in Energy Consumption in the Palestinian Territory 1996-1997:

The growth rate consumption from total energy in household sector in the Palestinian Territory during 1996—1997 was approximately 38%, The highest percent was recorded in South West Bank 52%, while it reached in North West Bank 40%, 29% in Middle West Bank and 37% in Gaza Strip(Table 19).

While the growth rate in electrical energy consumption in household sector during 1996 – 1997 was about 47%. The highest rate was recorded as 60% in North West Bank, while it reached 52% in South West Bank, 41% in Middle West Bank and 39% in Gaza Strip (Table 20)

The energy purchases in industrial activities reached 4631 TJ in 1997 while it was 3141 TJ in 1996. For the quantity of energy purchases in economic activities it reached 5198 TJ and 3390 TJ in 1997 and 1996 respectively. (Table 21,22)

3.9 Price of Energy in Palestinian Territory:

The prices of energy are different from one governorate to another, this difference refers to the control of Israeli Authority on energy sources. The average annual price in the Palestinian Territory is distributed as follows: Electricity 0.39 NIS\ MW.h, Gasoline 3.23 NIS\ Liter, Diesel 1.26 NIS\ Liter, Kerosene 1.22 NIS\ Liter, LPG 2.04 NIS\ Kg, Oils and Lubricates 8.63 NIS\ Kg, Wood and Coal 3.16 NIS\ Kg (Table 23).

4. Methodology:

This section presents a documentation of the main characteristics of the methodology used in preparing this report. The statistical data was derived from various data sources. The data sources are classified into two types: statistical surveys and administrative records. The three main data sources are as following:

4.1 Foreign Trade Statistics

The main objective of the foreign trade statistics is to cover data related to flowing of goods to the Palestinian Territory. Foreign trade statistics data were used to obtain data related to the imports and re-exports of the different energy types.

4.2 Economic Surveys

The main objective of these surveys is to collect data on the basic economic indicators covering the main economic activities (industry, internal trade, service, transport, storage and communication and construction). Data related to production inputs of goods were used to provide data on energy purchases, energy used in production, energy used in generating Electricity and losses in the different economical activities.

4.3 Palestinian Expenditure and Consumption Survey (PECS)

The main purpose of this survey is to provide national level information on standards of living and patterns of consumption and expenditure among Palestinian households in the West Bank

and Gaza Strip. Data related to household expenditure and consumption of the different energy types was utilized to provide estimates on household energy consumption.

It is important to mention that population estimate in 1997 and price statistics were used in the stage of data processing of the statistical tables.

In preparing the statistical tables, the following points were taken into consideration:

- 1. The main consumption sectors were classified into household sector, industry, internal trade, service, transport storage and communication and construction.
- 2. International energy conversion factors were used to convert the different types of energy into a common energy unit (Joule).

5. Data Quality:

This section provides important notes concerning the statistical quality of data. This includes data quality as complied by data sources, in addition to special technical notes, which should be taken into consideration.

5.1 Data Sources:

5.1.1 Foreign Trade Statistics:

Methodology and data processing of foreign trade statistics are consistent with international standards and recommendation. These data are trustable due to the fact that these data are compiled by comprehensive enumeration of data. But it is worth mentioning the following important notes:

- 1. Data excludes the quantities entered the Palestinian Territory in illegal cases.
- 2. Data does not cover the quantities that are not included in interchange between Israel and Palestinian National Authority (about20% of the total interchange according to Ministry of Finance).
- 3. For Petroleum Products, administrative records of General Petroleum Corporation covers the major part of data related to imports, the other part is covered by value added tax invoices from in Ministry of Finance.
- 4. For electricity data, administrative records of Palestinian Energy Authority were used to provide data on electricity imports in Gaza Strip. In West Bank, data were compiled from the electricity value added tax invoices for the local communities from Ministry of Finance.

5.1.2 Economic Surveys:

Though dealing with data from economic surveys, the following notes should be taken into consideration:

1. The response rate with data for this survey is relatively high if it is compared with the response in other countries.

- 2. All data depends on the establishment records, and if these records were not available, the respondent was asked to give approximate estimates.
- 3. There were many difficulties during data collection in Jerusalem because of the special political situation of the city.

5.1.3 Palestinian Expenditure and Consumption Survey (PECS) 1997

The PECS is a household survey and have two types of errors that might have been occurred:

1. Statistical Errors:

These types of errors evolved as a result of studying a part of the society and not all of it.

2. Non Statistical Errors:

These errors are due to the none response cases as well as the implementation of surveys. In this survey, these error emerged because of the special situation of the questionnaire itself.

5.2 Special Technical Notes:

- 1) Imports and re-exports tables cover electricity, basic petroleum products and coal for the Palestinian Territory (Does not include those parts of Jerusalem which were annexed by Israel in 1967).
- 2) Reports tables cover data related to the main types of energy (electricity, petroleum products and biomass). It is important to note that there are other types of energy (coke, other petroleum products, animal and vegetal residues) that are not included due to the lack of data.
- 3) There are no data available on solar energy utilization in domestic sector.
- 4) All energy loss quantities represent the quantities lost inside the establishment and excluding transfer and distribution losses. Also, there are no data available on electricity losses.
- 5) In all data related to transport sector, the transport informal sector is not included according to the definition.
- 6) In all calculations related to Gasoline, we delt with the average of all available types of Gasoline. Also, a common price and conversion factor was used.
- 7) In all calculations related to oils and lubricates, we delt with the average of all available types of oils and lubricates. Also, a common price and conversion factor was used.
- 8) In all calculations related to wood and coal, we delt with the average of both wood and coal. Also, a common price and conversion factor was used.
- 9) We can observe from the main finding that the quantity of energy used in economic activities is greater than the quantity of energy purchased for the same year 1997.
- 10) The quantity of electrical energy purchased is greater than the quantity of electrical energy used in production.