

Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics

Poverty in the Palestinian Territory, 2005

Main Findings Report

June, 2006

TABLES ARE PRINTED IN THE ARABIC ORDER (FROM RIGHT TO LEFT)

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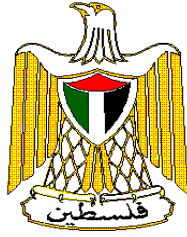
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Poverty in the Palestinian Territory

Introduction

Poverty statistics reported here are based on the official definition of poverty developed in 1997¹. The definition combines absolute and relative features and is based on a budget of basic needs for a family of 6 persons (2 adults and 4 children). Two poverty lines were developed according to actual spending patterns of Palestinian families. The first, termed “deep (absolute) poverty line,” was calculated to reflect a budget for food, clothing and housing. The second line “relative poverty line” adds other necessities including health care, education, transportation, personal care, and housekeeping supplies. The two lines were adjusted to reflect the different consumption needs of families based on their composition (household size and the number of children).

The results presented here are based on the data from the 6th Palestinian Expenditure and Consumption Survey (PECS-V). The PECS-IV is a sample survey conducted monthly by the Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics, during the period January 15th 2005 and January 14th 2006, to collect detailed household expenditures using the diary method as well as background information on individuals and households. The provision of data for the measurement and monitoring of living standards across localities and over time is one of the main objectives of the survey.

Since consumption levels better reflect the population's needs, and help to specify the poverty line in the Palestinian Territory, the monthly consumption level is used rather than the monthly income. Families that have similar levels of income may have different welfare levels and vice versa, according to their needs. Moreover, the needs of the families are not necessarily affected by the monetary income, since other factors (i.e., health insurance) may affect consumption but not income.

A six-member household consisting of two adults and four children is adopted as a reference household since it represents the average Palestinian size of families in the Palestinian Territory. In the case where other sample families (i.e., with a higher number of household members) are used in the context of this report, the poverty line has been adjusted accordingly.

The relative poverty line and the absolute poverty line for the reference household in the Palestinian Territory in 2005 stood at NIS (New Israeli Shekels) 2,143 (US\$ 477) and NIS 1,732 (US\$ 385)² respectively.

¹(Poverty in Palestine. Poverty Report, 1998. Methodology)

² exchange rate is 4.5

Relative poverty lines, in NIS, in the Palestinian Territory by household size, 2005

Household Size	Number of Children											
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
1	647											
2	1,199	906										
3	1,720	1,442	1,156									
4	2,222	1,953	1,679	1,400								
5	2,711	2,448	2,183	1,913	1,638							
6	3,188	2,931	2,672	2,409	2,143	1,873						
7	3,657	3,405	3,150	2,893	2,633	2,370	2,103					
8	4,118	3,870	3,620	3,367	3,112	2,855	2,594	2,331				
9	4,573	4,328	4,082	3,833	3,582	3,330	3,074	2,816	2,556			
10	5,023	4,781	4,537	4,292	4,045	3,796	3,545	3,292	3,036	2,778		
11	5,468	5,228	4,987	4,745	4,501	4,255	4,008	3,759	3,508	3,254	2,998	

Absolute poverty lines, in NIS, in the Palestinian Territory by household size, 2005

Household Size	Number of Children											
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
1	523											
2	969	732										
3	1,390	1,165	935									
4	1,796	1,579	1,357	1,131								
5	2,191	1,979	1,764	1,546	1,324							
6	2,577	2,369	2,159	1,947	1,732	1,513						
7	2,955	2,752	2,546	2,338	2,128	1,915	1,700					
8	3,328	3,128	2,925	2,721	2,515	2,307	2,097	1,884				
9	3,696	3,498	3,299	3,098	2,895	2,691	2,485	2,276	2,065			
10	4,060	3,864	3,667	3,469	3,269	3,068	2,865	2,661	2,454	2,245		
11	4,419	4,225	4,031	3,835	3,638	3,439	3,239	3,038	2,835	2,630	2,423	

Poverty Distribution by Region

The consumption data indicates that the rate of the total diffusion of poverty among Palestinian Households in the Palestinian Territory is 29.5% in 2005, (of which 22.3% in the West Bank and 43.7% in Gaza Strip), while 51.5% of households were found to obtain an income less than the national poverty line in 2005 (of which 45.7% in the West Bank and 63.1 percent in Gaza Strip).

Also, the consumption data indicates that 18.1% of the households in the Palestinian Territory were suffering from deep poverty in 2005, (of which 13.1% in the West Bank and 27.9% in Gaza Strip), and it increases to 40.2% if the income data is used.

Refugee camps have the highest incidence of poverty overall. The consumption data shows that poverty in refugee camps were 39.9%, and this is higher than the rate of poverty in urban (24.9%) and rural areas (32.5%). A greater proportion of the poor is in urban areas (46.5%) and rural areas (32.1%) than in refugee camps (21.4%). The picture remains essentially the same when income data is used.

Socio-economic Indicators of the Households

Household Size

The poverty rate for family households, beginning with 2 persons households, increases more or less consistently with size. The highest poverty rate was for the largest households with 10 or more members, (53.9%). The most disadvantaged households, family households with 10 persons or more, in terms of poverty are also the most disadvantaged in terms of deep poverty (35.6%).

Number of Children

With the exception of childless households, the incidence of poverty increases consistently by additional number of children among family households. Households with the least incidence of poverty (19.5%) are those with 1-2 children, but those with up to 4 children also have lower incidence of poverty than the national rate. Poverty jumps dramatically to 39.0% for households with 5-6 children, 53.6 for households with 7-8 children, and increases further to 67.5% for those with 9 children and more.

Sex of Head of Household

The situation of the poor households headed by women is better than those headed by men. Households headed by females constitute about 8.0% of Palestinian households in 2005. Yet, they constitute about 6.8% of the poor. Although its rate of poverty is lower (25.0%) than male-headed households (29.8%), but may be due to the fact that this group is one of the highest recipient of public support and assistance payments in both Gaza and the West Bank. This can be seen if we look at the poverty rate between them if the income data is used or looking at poverty rates for needy households (before receiving the assistance).

Refugee Status of Head of Households

Households maintained by refugee heads constitute about 41.1% of Palestinian households in 2005. Yet, they constitute about 47.8% of the poor. Living condition of this group is worse compared with the other groups in both Gaza and the West Bank. Its rate of poverty is higher (34.3%) than non-refugee headed households (26.1%).

Educational Level of Head of Household

Education of head of household is negatively associated with incidence of poverty. The poverty rate for those obtained less than elementary education (41.4%) was almost two and half times higher than those with a two-year college degree (16.9%), and almost four times higher than those with a university degree and above (9.6%). Poverty decreases consistently with educational level when other measures of poverty are used.

Labor Force Participation of Head of household

The conditions of the poor households whose heads are out of the labour force were significantly worse than those in the labor force. The poverty rate among non-participants is about 35.5% compared with 28.4% among labour force participants. Labour force participants are of course a hybrid group, consisting of employed and unemployed persons. Employment is perhaps a more meaningful factor than participation in the labor force for use in determining poverty status of households. As expected the households with unemployed heads (41.3%) have higher incidence of poverty than those having working heads.

Main Source of Income

Main source of income is another spatial dimension by which poverty is expected to vary everywhere. Nearly 22.9% of households who depended on public as main source of income suffered from poverty in 2005, compared with 50.4 percent with those who depended on agriculture and remittances and assistance as main source of income respectively. The living condition of the Palestinian households who depended on the Palestinian private sector as main source of income suffered from poverty (32.6 %) more than those who depended on the public sector as main source of income.

The Impact of the Current Crisis on the Economic Condition of the Palestinian Households

The results showed an increase in poverty rates during the current crisis compared with the situation on the eve of the *Al-Aqsa Intifada*. The results indicated that the poverty rates reached to 29.5 % in 2005 compared with 20.3 % in 1998, with an increase of 9.2 percent.

Poverty Rates According to Monthly Consumption Patterns of Households, 1998-2005

Year	Poverty rate	Deep poverty	Poverty gap	Poverty Severity
2005	29.5	18.1	8.0	4.4
2004	25.6	16.4	6.6	3.9
2001	27.9	19.5	7.6	5.0
1998	20.3	12.5	5.5	3.0

Changes in poverty can be decomposed into changes in average consumption and changes in the distribution of the consumption across households³. In addition to the decline in average household consumption, the below table shows the distribution of consumption across households has changed. The table compares the share of consumption of various groups between 1998 and 2005. In 2005, the poorest 10% (ranked by individual consumption) was consuming 4.1% of the total monthly household consumption, against 2.9% in 2004, and 2.4% in 1998. Similar patterns existed for other deciles.

The results indicated that the richest 10 percent was consuming 20.4% in 2005 against 27.1% in 2004.

³ See the World Bank and PCBS, 2004. Deep Palestinians Poverty in the Midst of Economic Crisis, October 2004.

In addition to that, the results indicated that the ratio of the richest 10 percent to the poorest 10 percent was as follows: 4.9 in 2005 against 9.4 in 2004, 5.0 in 2001 and 4.3 in 1998.

Household Total Monthly Consumption Distribution Patterns, 1998-2005

Poorest	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%	Highest 10% to lowest 10%
2005	4.1	9.9	16.6	24.7	33.2	42.9	52.9	65.1	79.6	4.9
2004	2.9	7.2	12.5	18.9	26.4	35.0	45.2	57.4	72.9	9.4
2001	4.2	10.2	17.0	25.0	33.7	43.1	53.8	65.5	79.4	5.0
1998	4.4	10.7	17.8	25.8	34.8	44.7	56.0	68.3	81.1	4.3

The Adequacy of Emergency Assistance⁴

The consumption data indicate that 29.5% of the households are below the poverty line even after including the value of the emergency assistance they consumed. When this emergency assistance is subtracted out, the poverty rates increased to 34.2% (assuming other factors would remain unchanged in the absence of emergency assistance). On the other hand, the emergency assistance had served to reduce deep poverty rates from 23.5% to 18.1%. (To distinguish between these two concepts, the households with 34.2% poverty rate are called as “Needy”⁵)

Poverty rates according to consumption patterns

Poverty rates before emergency assistance	Poverty after receiving emergency assistance		Total
	Poor	Non-poor	
Poor	86.3	13.7	34.2
Non-poor	-	100.0	65.8
Total	29.5	70.5	100.0

Deep poverty rates according to consumption patterns

Poverty rates before emergency assistance	Poverty after receiving emergency assistance		Total
	Poor	Non-poor*	
Poor	76.8	23.2	23.5
Non-poor	-	100.0	76.5
Total	18.1	81.9	100.0

* Non-poor in this table refers to non-deep poor. This means that households who received assistance and become non-deep poor might still under the poverty line but over the absolute poverty line.

⁴ The results depend on the consumption data, the figures will be increased if income data is used.

⁵ See: Deep Palestinian Poverty in the Midst of the Economic Crisis. PCBS and the World Bank, October 2004.

Poverty Estimations for 2006

In order to estimate poverty rates for the first two quarters of 2006, we used the households expenditure and consumption survey 2005, assuming constant distribution of consumption and steadfast of poverty line in 2006 compared with 2005.

Poverty during the 1st quarter of 2006:

The poverty rate for the 1st quarter of 2006 was estimated using the available data of the household expenditure and consumption for the period January-March 2006. The poverty rate stood at 29.4% of households, and increases to 47.5% if income data is used, during the 1st quarter of 2006.

Poverty during the 2nd quarter of 2006:

The poverty rate was estimated using the following assumption:

- Constant in the distribution of consumption and steadfast of poverty line.
- Exception of income hiring from government.
- Exception of government transfers (Governmental aid : cash and in-kind)
- Real GDI per capita declines by 7% for other income components

Using the above mentioned assumption, the poverty rate is estimated to stand at 45.2% of households (about 51.0% of population), and increase to 66.8% of households if income data is used (about 70.3% of population) during the 2nd quarter of 2006.

جدول (1.1): نسب الفقر وفقا لأنماط الاستهلاك الشهرية الحقيقية للأسر حسب المنطقة، 2005

Table (1.1): Poverty Rates According to Actual Monthly Consumption Patterns of Households by Region, 2005

Region	Deep Poverty الفقر المدقع		Poverty Severity شدة الفقر		Poverty Gap فجوة الفقر		Poverty الفقر		المنطقة
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
Palestinian Territory	100.0	18.1	100.0	4.4	100.0	8.0	100.0	29.5	الأراضي الفلسطينية
West Bank	47.9	13.1	45.7	3.0	47.6	5.8	50.1	22.3	الضفة الغربية
West Bank-North	18.6	12.4	15.9	2.6	18.0	5.3	20.7	22.5	شمال الضفة الغربية
West Bank-Middle	7.7	6.7	6.2	1.3	7.0	2.7	7.8	11.0	وسط الضفة الغربية
West Bank-South	21.6	21.4	23.6	5.7	22.6	8.0	21.5	34.9	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	52.1	27.9	54.3	7.1	52.4	12.5	49.9	43.7	قطاع غزة

West Bank-North: Jenin, Tubas, Tulkarm, Nablus, qalqilya, and Salfit governorates
West Bank-Middle: Ramallah, Jerusalem, and Jericho governorates
West Bank-South: Bethlehem, and Hebron

شمال الضفة الغربية: محافظات جنين، طوباس، طولكرم، نابلس، قلقيلية، سلفيت
وسط الضفة الغربية: محافظات رام الله والبيرة، أريحا والأغوار، محافظة القدس
جنوب الضفة الغربية: محافظات بيت لحم والخليل

جدول (2.1): نسب الفقر وفقا لأنماط الاستهلاك الشهرية الحقيقية للأسر حسب نوع التجمع السكاني، 2005

Table (1.2): Poverty Rates According to Actual Monthly Consumption Patterns of Households by Type of Locality, 2005

Type of Locality	Deep Poverty الفقر المدقع		Poverty Severity شدة الفقر		Poverty Gap فجوة الفقر		Poverty الفقر		نوع التجمع السكاني
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
Urban	45.7	15.0	44.5	3.6	45.6	6.7	46.5	24.9	حضر
Rural	33.9	21.0	33.8	5.1	33.1	9.1	32.1	32.5	ريف
Refugee camps	20.4	23.3	21.7	6.1	21.3	10.9	21.4	39.9	مخيمات
Total	100.0	18.1	100.0	4.4	100.0	8.0	100.0	29.5	المجموع

جدول (3.1): نسب الفقر وفقاً لأنماط الاستهلاك الشهرية الحقيقية للأسر حسب حجم الأسرة، 2005

Table (1.3): Poverty Rates According to Actual Monthly Consumption Patterns of Households by Household Size, 2005

Household Size	Deep Poverty الفقر المدقع		Poverty Severity شدة الفقر		Poverty Gap فجوة الفقر		Poverty الفقر		حجم الأسرة
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
1	1.3	11.5	1.6	3.4	1.3	5.3	1.1	16.5	1
2-3	6.1	8.5	4.3	1.4	5.4	3.3	6.8	15.3	3-2
4-5	15.3	12.2	14.4	2.8	15.0	5.3	15.4	20.1	5-4
6-7	25.7	15.8	25.6	3.9	26.4	7.3	28.3	28.5	7-6
8-9	25.7	23.4	26.6	5.9	25.5	10.4	24.4	36.3	9-8
10+	25.9	35.6	27.6	9.3	26.3	16.1	24.0	53.9	+10
Total	100.0	18.1	100.0	4.4	100.0	8.0	100.0	29.5	المجموع

جدول (4.1): نسب الفقر وفقاً لأنماط الاستهلاك الشهرية الحقيقية للأسر حسب عدد الأطفال في الأسرة، 2005

Table (1.4): Poverty Rates According to Actual Monthly Consumption Patterns of Households by Number of Children in Household, 2005

Number of Children	Deep Poverty الفقر المدقع		Poverty Severity شدة الفقر		Poverty Gap فجوة الفقر		Poverty الفقر		عدد الأطفال
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
0	10.4	11.6	9.4	2.6	9.9	4.9	10.6	19.0	0
1-2	13.6	11.8	13.0	2.8	13.8	5.3	13.9	19.5	2-1
3-4	25.1	15.8	25.7	4.0	25.9	7.3	26.9	27.6	4-3
5-6	28.9	25.1	29.2	6.2	28.1	10.9	27.6	39.0	6-5
7-8	14.8	32.3	14.8	7.9	15.2	14.8	15.1	53.6	8-7
9+	7.1	50.4	7.9	13.6	7.0	22.0	5.9	67.5	+9
Total	100.0	18.1	100.0	4.4	100.0	8.0	100.0	29.5	المجموع

جدول (5.1): نسب الفقر وفقاً لأنماط الاستهلاك الشهرية الحقيقية للأسر حسب جنس رب الأسرة، 2005

Table (1.5): Poverty Rates According to Actual Monthly Consumption Patterns of Households by Sex of Head of Household, 2005

Sex of Head of Household	Deep Poverty الفقر المدقع		Poverty Severity شدة الفقر		Poverty Gap فجوة الفقر		Poverty الفقر		جنس رب الأسرة
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
Males	92.8	18.2	91.8	4.4	92.7	8.1	93.2	29.8	ذكور
Females	7.2	16.2	8.2	4.5	7.3	7.3	6.8	25.0	إناث
Total	100.0	18.1	100.0	4.4	100.0	8.0	100.0	29.5	المجموع

جدول (6.1): نسب الفقر وفقاً لأنماط الاستهلاك الشهرية الحقيقية للأسر حسب حالة اللجوء لرب الأسرة، 2005

Table (1.6): Poverty Rates According to Actual Monthly Consumption Patterns of Households by Refugee Status of Head of Household, 2005

Refugee Status of Head of Household	Deep Poverty الفقر المدقع		Poverty Severity شدة الفقر		Poverty Gap فجوة الفقر		Poverty الفقر		حالة اللجوء لرب الأسرة
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
Refugee	49.4	21.7	51.0	5.5	49.6	9.2	47.8	34.3	لاجئ
Not-refugee	50.6	15.5	49.0	3.7	50.4	6.9	52.2	26.1	ليس لاجئاً
Total	100.0	18.1	100.0	4.4	100.0	8.0	100.0	29.5	المجموع

جدول (7.1): نسب الفقر وفقاً لأنماط الاستهلاك الشهرية الحقيقية للأسر حسب عمر رب الأسرة، 2005

Table (1.7): Poverty Rates According to Actual Monthly Consumption Patterns of Households by Age of Head of Household, 2005

Age of Head of Household	Deep Poverty الفقر المدقع		Poverty Severity شدة الفقر		Poverty Gap فجوة الفقر		Poverty الفقر		عمر رب الأسرة
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
Up to 24 years	3.6	28.7	4.2	8.2	3.5	12.7	2.9	38.3	حتى 24 سنة
25-34	24.7	17.6	23.5	4.1	23.9	7.6	24.3	28.3	34-25
35-44	33.2	19.5	32.9	4.7	33.1	8.6	33.2	31.8	44-35
45-54	15.8	15.3	16.0	3.8	16.7	7.2	17.9	28.3	54-45
55-64	11.3	16.1	12.2	4.2	12.0	7.6	11.3	26.2	64-55
65+	11.4	20.1	11.3	4.8	10.8	8.5	10.4	29.9	+65
Total	100.0	18.1	100.0	4.4	100.0	8.0	100.0	29.5	المجموع

جدول (8.1): نسب الفقر وفقاً لأنماط الاستهلاك الشهرية الحقيقية للأسر حسب المؤهل العلمي لرب الأسرة، 2005

Table (1.8): Poverty Rates According to Actual Monthly Consumption Patterns of Households by Educational Attainment of Head of Household, 2005

Educational Attainment of Head of Household	Deep Poverty الفقر المدقع		Poverty Severity شدة الفقر		Poverty Gap فجوة الفقر		Poverty الفقر		المؤهل العلمي لرب الأسرة
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
None	31.2	27.4	34.6	7.1	32.0	12.5	28.9	41.4	لا شيء
Elementary	26.5	21.3	27.0	5.3	27.2	9.7	26.9	35.2	ابتدائي
Preparatory	24.8	18.7	24.3	4.5	24.0	8.1	24.3	30.0	إعدادي
Secondary	12.1	14.9	10.2	3.1	11.3	6.2	12.1	24.3	ثانوي
Diploma	2.8	6.8	2.0	1.2	3.0	3.2	4.3	16.9	دبلوم متوسط
Bachelor and above	2.5	4.3	2.0	0.8	2.0	1.9	3.5	9.6	بكالوريوس فأعلى
Total	100.0	18.1	100.0	4.4	100.0	8.0	100.0	29.5	المجموع

None: illiterate or can read and write

لا شيء: تشمل أمي، أو يقرأ ويكتب

جدول (9.1): نسب الفقر وفقاً لأنماط الاستهلاك الشهرية الحقيقية للأسر حسب مشاركة رب الأسرة في القوى العاملة، 2005

Table (1.9): Poverty Rates According to Actual Monthly Consumption Patterns of Households by Labor Force Participation of Head of Household, 2005

Labor Force Participation of Head of Household	الفقر المدقع		شدة الفقر		فجوة الفقر		الفقر		مشاركة رب الأسرة بقوة العمل
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
In labor force	78.9	16.8	75.3	3.9	78.4	7.4	81.9	28.4	داخل القوى العاملة
Employed (1-14 hrs)	4.9	20.1	6.2	6.2	5.7	10.4	4.9	32.8	مشتغل 1-14 ساعة
Employed (15 hrs +)	51.5	13.9	44.9	3.0	50.7	6.1	58.2	25.6	مشتغل 15 ساعة فأكثر
Unemployed	22.5	30.2	24.1	7.9	22.0	13.1	18.8	41.3	متعطل
Outside labor force	21.1	25.3	24.7	7.3	21.6	11.6	18.1	35.5	خارج القوى العاملة
Total	100.0	18.1	100.0	4.4	100.0	8.0	100.0	29.5	المجموع

جدول (10.1): نسب الفقر وفقاً لأنماط الاستهلاك الشهرية الحقيقية للأسر حسب المصدر الرئيسي للدخل، 2005

Table (1.10): Poverty Rates According to Actual Monthly Consumption Patterns of Households by Main Source of Income, 2005

Main source of Income	الفقر المدقع Deep Poverty		شدة الفقر Poverty Severity		فجوة الفقر Poverty Gap		الفقر Poverty		المصدر الرئيسي للدخل
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
Agriculture	8.3	29.7	9.4	8.2	9.0	14.2	8.7	50.4	الزراعة
Other household business	18.3	16.1	17.1	3.7	18.0	7.1	18.8	27.1	مشاريع أخرى للأسرة
Wages and salaries-Public sector	12.0	10.8	8.5	1.9	11.9	4.7	15.6	22.9	أجور ورواتب من القطاع العام
Wages and salaries-Private sector	26.2	19.4	25.2	4.6	26.0	8.6	26.9	32.6	أجور ورواتب من القطاع الخاص
Wages and salaries-Israeli sector	7.7	13.2	6.6	2.8	7.0	5.3	7.2	20.1	أجور ورواتب من القطاع الإسرائيلي
Transfers	9.8	24.9	10.4	6.4	9.2	10.4	7.8	32.3	تحويلات
Other sources	17.7	25.9	22.9	8.2	19.0	12.4	14.9	35.8	مصادر أخرى
Total	100.0	18.1	100.0	4.4	100.0	8.0	100.0	29.5	المجموع

جدول (1.2): نسب الفقر وفقا لدخل الأسرة الشهري حسب المنطقة، 2005

Table (2.1): Poverty Rates According to Household's Monthly Income by Region, 2005

Region	الفقر المدقع Deep Poverty		شدة الفقر Poverty Severity		فجوة الفقر Poverty Gap		الفقر Poverty		المنطقة
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
Palestinian Territory	100.0	40.2	100.0	15.3	100.0	21.2	100.0	51.5	الأراضي الفلسطينية
West Bank	56.8	34.5	56.1	12.9	56.6	18.1	58.8	45.7	الضفة الغربية
West Bank-North	25.4	37.6	24.9	14.0	25.4	19.8	27.2	51.6	شمال الضفة الغربية
West Bank-Middle	12.8	24.7	15.0	11.0	13.8	14.0	11.6	28.6	وسط الضفة الغربية
West Bank-South	18.6	41.1	16.2	13.6	17.4	20.2	20.0	56.5	جنوب الضفة الغربية
Gaza Strip	43.2	51.6	43.9	19.9	43.4	27.2	41.2	63.1	قطاع غزة

West Bank-North: Jenin, Tubas, Tulkarm, Nablus, qalqilya, and Salfit governorates
West Bank-Middle: Ramallah, Jerusalem, and Jericho governorates
West Bank-South: Bethlehem, and Hebron

شمال الضفة الغربية: محافظات جنين، طولكرم، نابلس، قلقيلية، سلفيت
وسط الضفة الغربية: محافظات رام الله، والبيرة أريحا والأغوار، محافظة القدس
جنوب الضفة الغربية: محافظات بيت لحم والخليل

جدول (2.2): نسب الفقر وفقا لدخل الأسرة الشهري حسب نوع التجمع السكاني، 2005

Table (2.2): Poverty Rates According to Household's Monthly Income by Type of Locality, 2005

Type of Locality	الفقر المدقع Deep Poverty		شدة الفقر Poverty Severity		فجوة الفقر Poverty Gap		الفقر Poverty		نوع التجمع السكاني
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
Urban	51.4	37.5	49.6	13.8	50.3	19.3	51.2	47.9	حضر
Rural	30.0	41.5	32.7	17.2	31.7	23.0	30.6	54.0	ريف
Refugee camps	18.6	47.5	17.7	17.1	18.1	24.2	18.3	59.6	مخيمات
Total	100.0	40.2	100.0	15.3	100.0	21.2	100.0	51.5	المجموع

جدول (3.2): نسب الفقر وفقا لدخل الأسرة الشهري حسب حجم الأسرة، 2005

Table (2.3): Poverty Rates According to Household's Monthly Income by Household Size, 2005

Household Size	Deep Poverty الفقر المدقع		Poverty Severity شدة الفقر		Poverty Gap فجوة الفقر		Poverty الفقر		حجم الأسرة
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
1	2.5	48.9	3.0	22.4	2.7	27.8	2.0	51.1	1
2-3	9.0	27.6	8.7	10.2	9.1	14.7	9.6	37.9	3-2
4-5	17.5	31.1	16.7	11.3	17.2	16.1	18.6	42.3	5-4
6-7	29.5	40.6	30.4	15.9	30.0	21.6	28.9	50.9	7-6
8-9	23.3	47.2	23.0	17.7	23.1	24.6	23.6	61.3	9-8
10+	18.2	55.9	18.1	21.1	17.9	28.9	17.3	67.7	+10
Total	100.0	40.2	100.0	15.3	100.0	21.2	100.0	51.5	المجموع

جدول (4.2): نسب الفقر وفقا لدخل الأسرة الشهري حسب عدد الأطفال في الأسرة، 2005

Table (2.4): Poverty Rates According to Household's Monthly Income by Number of Children in Household, 2005

Number of Children	Deep Poverty الفقر المدقع		Poverty Severity شدة الفقر		Poverty Gap فجوة الفقر		Poverty الفقر		عدد الأطفال
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
0	12.3	29.8	12.9	12.0	12.9	16.5	13.2	41.0	0
1-2	15.6	29.6	14.0	10.2	14.9	14.9	16.5	40.1	2-1
3-4	28.4	39.2	27.6	14.6	28.0	20.4	28.6	50.6	4-3
5-6	27.5	52.5	28.9	21.0	28.1	28.2	26.4	64.5	6-5
7-8	12.4	59.1	12.5	22.7	12.2	30.7	11.4	69.5	8-7
9+	3.9	59.9	4.1	23.9	4.0	32.2	3.9	76.9	+9
Total	100.0	40.2	100.0	15.3	100.0	21.2	100.0	51.5	المجموع

جدول (5.2): نسب الفقر وفقاً لدخل الأسرة الشهري حسب جنس رب الأسرة، 2005

Table (2.5): Poverty Rates According to Household's Monthly Income by Sex of Head of Household, 2005

Sex of Head of Household	Deep Poverty الفقر المدقع		Poverty Severity شدة الفقر		Poverty Gap فجوة الفقر		Poverty الفقر		جنس رب الأسرة
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
Males ذكور	90.4	39.7	89.2	14.9	89.9	20.8	91.3	51.2	
Females إناث	9.6	48.0	10.8	20.7	10.1	26.6	8.7	56.0	
Total المجموع	100.0	40.2	100.0	15.3	100.0	21.2	100.0	51.5	

جدول (6.2): نسب الفقر وفقاً لدخل الأسرة الشهري حسب حالة اللجوء لرب الأسرة، 2005

Table (2.6): Poverty Rates According to Household's Monthly Income by Refugee Status of Head of Household, 2005

Refugee Status of Head of Household	Deep Poverty الفقر المدقع		Poverty Severity شدة الفقر		Poverty Gap فجوة الفقر		Poverty الفقر		حالة اللجوء لرب الأسرة
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
Refugee لاجئ	45.9	45.0	44.7	16.7	45.1	23.2	44.6	56.0	
Not-refugee ليس لاجئاً	54.1	36.9	55.3	14.3	54.9	19.7	55.4	48.5	
Total المجموع	100.0	40.2	100.0	15.3	100.0	21.2	100.0	51.5	

جدول (7.2): نسب الفقر وفقاً لدخل الأسرة الشهري حسب عمر رب الأسرة، 2005

Table (2.7): Poverty Rates According to Household's Monthly Income by Age of Head of Household, 2005

Age of Head of Household	Deep Poverty الفقر المدقع		Poverty Severity شدة الفقر		Poverty Gap فجوة الفقر		Poverty الفقر		عمر رب الأسرة
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
Up to 24 years	3.0	54.3	3.1	21.4	3.0	28.0	2.5	58.5	حتى 24 سنة
25-34	25.0	39.6	24.9	15.0	25.1	20.9	25.4	51.6	34-25
35-44	34.2	44.7	35.1	17.4	34.5	23.7	33.6	56.3	44-35
45-54	18.4	39.6	16.7	13.7	17.3	19.6	18.1	50.0	54-45
55-64	10.2	32.4	9.9	11.9	9.9	16.5	10.2	41.5	64-55
65+	9.2	36.1	10.4	15.5	10.2	21.0	10.1	50.9	+65
Total	100.0	40.2	100.0	15.3	100.0	21.2	100.0	51.5	المجموع

جدول (8.2): نسب الفقر وفقاً لدخل الأسرة الشهري حسب المؤهل العلمي لرب الأسرة، 2005

Table (2.8): Poverty Rates According to Household's Monthly Income by Educational Attainment of Head of Household, 2005

Educational Attainment of Head of Household	Deep Poverty الفقر المدقع		Poverty Severity شدة الفقر		Poverty Gap فجوة الفقر		Poverty الفقر		المؤهل العلمي لرب الأسرة
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
None	26.0	50.8	29.4	21.8	27.7	28.5	24.8	62.2	لا شيء
Elementary	26.0	46.4	25.0	16.9	25.3	23.7	25.5	58.2	ابتدائي
Preparatory	26.9	45.2	26.8	17.2	26.8	23.7	26.4	56.8	إعدادي
Secondary	13.1	35.9	11.9	12.4	12.6	18.1	13.7	47.8	ثانوي
Diploma	5.0	26.9	4.4	9.0	4.7	13.4	5.1	35.5	دبلوم متوسط
Bachelor and above	3.0	11.3	2.4	3.5	2.9	5.8	4.5	21.6	بكالوريوس فأعلى
Total	100.0	40.2	100.0	15.3	100.0	21.2	100.0	51.5	المجموع

None: illiterate or can read and write

لا شيء: تشمل أمي، أو يقرأ ويكتب

جدول (9.2): نسب الفقر وفقا لدخل الأسرة الشهري حسب مشاركة رب الأسرة في القوى العاملة، 2005

Table (2.9): Poverty Rates According to Household's Monthly Income by Labor Force Participation of Head of Household, 2005

Labor Force Participation of Head of Household	الفقر المدقع		شدة الفقر		فجوة الفقر		الفقر		مشاركة رب الأسرة بقوة العمل
	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribution	القيمة Value	
In labor force	80.7	38.2	77.3	13.9	79.0	19.7	82.4	50.0	داخل القوى العاملة
Employed (1-14 hrs)	5.1	46.9	5.1	17.8	5.1	24.7	5.3	61.6	مشتغل 1-14 ساعة
Employed (15 hrs +)	55.0	33.0	48.1	11.0	51.7	16.3	58.5	45.0	مشتغل 15 ساعة فأكثر
Unemployed	20.6	61.5	24.1	27.3	22.1	34.8	18.6	71.1	متعطل
Outside labor force	19.3	51.8	22.7	23.1	21.0	29.6	17.6	60.4	خارج القوى العاملة
Total	100.0	40.2	100.0	15.3	100.0	21.2	100.0	51.5	المجموع

جدول (10.2): نسب الفقر وفقاً لدخل الأسرة الشهري حسب المصدر الرئيسي للدخل، 2005

Table (2.10): Poverty Rates According to Household's Monthly Income by Main Source of Income, 2005

Main source of Income	الفقر المدقع Deep Poverty		شدة الفقر Poverty Severity		فجوة الفقر Poverty Gap		الفقر Poverty		المصدر الرئيسي للدخل
	المساهمة Contribu- tion	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribu- tion	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribu- tion	القيمة Value	المساهمة Contribu- tion	القيمة Value	
Agriculture	6.1	48.5	6.6	19.9	6.4	26.6	6.2	63.0	الزراعة
Other household business	18.5	36.4	18.2	13.6	18.3	19.0	18.2	45.9	مشاريع أخرى للأسرة
Wages and salaries-Public sector	12.4	24.8	7.0	5.3	9.8	10.4	15.3	39.2	أجور ورواتب من القطاع العام
Wages and salaries-Private sector	30.2	50.0	29.5	18.5	29.4	25.6	28.6	60.6	أجور ورواتب من القطاع الخاص
Wages and salaries-Israeli sector	7.4	28.1	6.3	9.1	6.9	13.8	8.3	40.6	أجور ورواتب من القطاع الإسرائيلي
Transfers	9.2	51.8	11.5	24.7	10.6	31.5	9.0	65.2	تحويلات
Other sources	16.2	52.9	20.9	25.9	18.5	31.7	14.3	60.0	مصادر أخرى
Total	100.0	40.2	100.0	15.3	100.0	21.2	100.0	51.5	المجموع

جدول (1.3): أثر المساعدات على نسب الفقر وفقاً لأنماط الاستهلاك والمنطقة، 2005

Table (3.1): Assistance Effect on Poverty According to Monthly Consumption Patterns and Region, 2005

Poverty Status after receiving assistance	حالة الفقر قبل تلقي المساعدة Poverty Status before Receiving Assistance				حالة الفقر بعد تلقي المساعدة
	Total المجموع	Poor فقيرة	Non-poor غير فقيرة		
Poverty					الفقر
Non-poor	70.5	6.7	93.3		غير فقيرة
Poor	29.5	100.0	-		فقيرة
Total	100.0	34.2	65.8		المجموع
Deep Poverty					الفقر المدقع
Non-poor	81.9	6.7	93.3		غير فقيرة
Poor	18.1	100.0	-		فقيرة
Total	100.0	23.5	76.5		المجموع

جدول (2.3): أثر المساعدات على نسب الفقر وفقاً لدخل الأسرة الشهري والمنطقة، 2005

Table (3.2): Assistance Effect on Poverty According to Household Monthly Income and Region, 2005

Poverty Status after receiving assistance	حالة الفقر قبل تلقي المساعدة Poverty Status before Receiving Assistance				حالة الفقر بعد تلقي المساعدة
	Total المجموع	Poor فقيرة	Non-poor غير فقيرة		
Poverty					الفقر
Non-poor	48.5	6.3	93.7		غير فقيرة
Poor	51.5	100.0	-		فقيرة
Total	100.0	54.6	45.4		المجموع
Deep Poverty					الفقر المدقع
Non-poor	59.8	7.1	92.9		غير فقيرة
Poor	40.2	100.0	-		فقيرة
Total	100.0	44.5	55.5		المجموع